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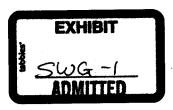
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Docket No. G-01551A-13-0327

Richard Gayer
Complainant
v.

Southwest Gas Corporation
Respondent

Exhibit No.



SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

PARTIAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

Richard Gayer v. Southwest Gas Corporation (Docket No. G-01551A-13-0327) Partial Settlement Agreement

The parties have been able to resolve all but one of Mr. Gayer's claims set forth in his Formal Complaint filed against Southwest Gas Corporation ("Southwest Gas") on September 24, 2014 (Docket No. G-01551A-13-0327) (the "Complaint"). The parties have agreed as follows:

- 1. Southwest Gas will amend its tariff pages to reflect its use of the linear regression analysis, metered use cap (i.e. upper limit rule), and zero use floor (i.e. lower limit rule) as secondary mechanics or checks in calculating the monthly weather adjustment ("MWA").
- Southwest Gas will publish on its website the 10-year averages used for normal heating degree days ("HDD") in the calculation of the MWA, which averages were approved as part of Southwest Gas' last general rate case.
- 3. Southwest Gas will continue to use the actual HDD information it has historically used in the calculation of the MWA from the vendor of its choice, and should not be required to use this information as posted by the National Weather Service/NOAA.
- 4. Within 60 days of the decision in this proceeding, Southwest Gas will make a filing in this docket indicating steps it will take to communicate clearly and quickly with customers who wish to understand how the details of the decoupling components of their bills, including the MWA, have been calculated.
- 5. Southwest Gas will revise its Arizona rates and regulation page on its website to provide additional content for its customers regarding revenue decoupling. Within 120 days of the decision in this proceeding, Southwest Gas will file a report in this docket to identify the changes it has made to its website. The Staff of the Arizona Corporation Commission will then have 30 days to file a letter in this docket stating whether they believe the updated information included on the Arizona rates and regulation page of Southwest Gas' website provides the necessary information for Arizona customers to understand revenue decoupling and how the calculation works.
- 6. The only remaining claim or relief request in Mr. Gayer's Complaint relates to his request for an order directing Southwest Gas to itemize all customer bills, including a line item for the MWA, subject to actual individual requests for a simplified bill. Mr. Gayer's Complaint will be withdrawn with respect to all other claims and relief requests.

Docket No. G-01551A-13-0327

Richard Gayer
Complainant
v.

Southwest Gas Corporation
Respondent

Exhibit No.



SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF EDWARD GIESEKING FILED MAY 27, 2014

IN THE MATTER OF SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION Docket No. G-01551A-13-0327

PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

EDWARD GIESEKING

ON BEHALF OF SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

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1 Southwest Gas Corporation Docket No. 13-0327 2 3 BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION 4 Prepared Direct Testimony 5 of Edward Gieseking 6 INTRODUCTION 7 Q. 1 Please state your name and business address. 8 1 My name is Edward Gieseking. My business address is 5241 Spring Α. 9 Mountain Road, Las Vegas, Nevada 89150. 10 By whom and in what capacity are you employed? Q. 2 11 2 I am employed by Southwest Gas Corporation (Southwest Gas or the 12 Company) in the Pricing and Tariffs department. My title is Director. 13 Q. 3 Please summarize your educational background and relevant business 14 experience. 15 Α. My educational background and relevant business experience are 16 summarized in Appendix A to this testimony. 17 Q. 4 Have you previously testified before any regulatory commission? 18 Yes, I have previously testified before the Arizona Corporation Commission 19 (ACC or Commission), Public Utilities Commission of Nevada, California 20 Public Utilities Commission, and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. 21 Q. 5 What is the purpose of your prepared direct testimony in this proceeding? 22 5 I will address matters regarding the Company's Arizona customer bill format Α. 23 and the application of the Monthly Weather Adjustment, or Monthly 24 Component, of the Energy Efficiency Enabling Provision (EEP) of the 25 Company's Arizona Gas Tariff. 26 Please summarize your prepared direct testimony. 27

- A. 6 My prepared direct testimony consists of the following key issues:
 - The calculation of the weather adjustment to customer bills is in compliance with the Company's tariff.
 - The development of the EEP and the related tariff.
 - Efforts to address customer inquiries and the result of those efforts.
 - The consistency of the process and method used to calculate the monthly weather adjustment for each customer which results in all customers receiving fair and equitable treatment.
 - The rational and process that Southwest Gas employs when modifying the presentation of its bills for service.

II. MONTHLY WEATHER ADJUSTMENT

- Q. 7 When did Southwest Gas implement the monthly weather adjustment mechanism?
- A. 7 The monthly weather adjustment mechanism was approved as a component of the EEP in the Company's last general rate case decision (Decision No. 72723) and was implemented January 2013 along with the revised rates approved in the general rate case. The monthly weather adjustment mechanism, in combination with the annual decoupling provision of the EEP, ensures that the Company only recovers the Commission authorized margin per customer.
- Q. 8 What is the purpose of the monthly weather adjustment?
- A. 8 While the overall purpose of the EEP is to ensure that the Company only recovers the Commission authorized margin per customer, the monthly weather adjustment provision also provides bill relief to customers during times of colder than normal weather. It was also understood that when weather was warmer than normal, such a mechanism would increase bills to

account for lower than normal gas consumption.

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- Q. 9 When did the Company bring the concept of a monthly weather adjustment proposal to the Commission for consideration?
 - The Company first proposed a margin decoupling mechanism, which included decoupling from weather, in its 2004 general rate case. Then in its 2007 general rate case, the Company proposed a mechanism that contained a monthly weather adjustment and an annual decoupling adjustment. Pursuant to a Commission directive in its Order in the Company's 2007 rate case, the parties participated in workshops to study decoupling options. The Commission then conducted a rulemaking that resulted in a Commission Policy Statement that addressed the Commission's position on decoupling. The currently effective weather adjustment mechanism was proposed by the Company in its 2011 rate case application where the proposal was scrutinized by the rate case participants. The rate case did not go to hearing as all but one of the rate case participants were able to negotiate a settlement of the issues. However, it is noteworthy that the settling parties presented settlement options to the Commission, with and without a monthly weather adjustment mechanism, and the Commission approved the option with the monthly weather adjustment mechanism.
- Q. 10 Where does Southwest Gas gather the data to perform the monthly weather adjustment?
- A. 10 The weather adjustment calculation is based on the difference between the actual weather and the normal weather during each customer's relevant billing period. In order to perform the calculation and make the adjustment in real time on the customer's current bill, the Company uses next-day actual weather data provided by a commercial weather subscription service.
- Q. 11 Does Southwest Gas make this weather data available to customers?

- 1 A. 11 Yes. The cumulative weather data used to compute the weather adjustment is available in the Company billing records. The actual daily data that is accumulated for each customer billing cycle can be obtained directly from Southwest Gas upon request. In fact, this information has been provided to Mr. Gayer every time he has requested.
- 6 Q. 12 Is this weather data available from any other source?
- A. 12 Yes. Weather data is also available directly from the National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). However, NOAA weather data for some weather stations used in the calculation is sometimes not available until several days after the weather day, and NOAA data may vary slightly from the next-day commercial data.
- 12 Q. 13 In addition to the normal and actual weather data, what other information is required to perform the weather adjustment calculation?
- 14 A. 13 To complete the weather adjustment calculation and analysis, the customer's
 15 base load daily volume and recent two years winter billing consumption and
 16 weather is also required.
- 17 Q. 14 Is this information available to customers?
- A. 14 Yes. Southwest Gas provides this information to any customer upon request.

 In fact, this information has been provided to Mr. Gayer every time he has requested.
- 21 Q. 15 How is this information used by Southwest Gas in calculating the monthly weather adjustment?
- A. 15 This information is used to determine individual customer weather sensitive gas use and to develop a correlation between weather and individual customer gas consumption.
- 26 Q. 16 Is the monthly weather adjustment calculation included in the Company's tariffs?

- A. 16 Yes. The general nature of the mechanism, along with a high level discussion of the process, is included in the Company's Arizona Gas Tariff No. 7, Sheet Nos. 92-93.
- Q. 17 Does Southwest Gas consider any secondary mechanics, or checks and balances, to ensure that monthly weather adjustments account only for those consumption variations that are associated with the weather during the applicable billing cycle?
- 8 A. 17 Yes.

- 9 Q. 18 How does the Company utilize these secondary checks and balances?
 - A. 18 The purpose of the monthly weather mechanism is to adjust customer bills so that customers' delivery service usage charges are what they would have been if actual weather matched normal weather. If actual weather is colder than normal and customer usage increases, there is a downward adjustment to the usage portion of customer bills to replicate normal use. If actual weather is warmer than normal, bills are adjusted upward.

To accomplish these adjustments the Company analyzes customer consumption behavior as it relates to changes in weather by reviewing billing data history and applying adjustments to current metered usage. However, sometimes customer usage changes for reasons other than changes in temperature and the correlation between usage and weather does not accurately account for current billing changes. For example, a residential customer who does not regularly use their pool heater might decide to heat their pool for a special occasion. This would result in a large use of natural gas that is not correlated with the difference between actual and normal weather, which could then potentially result in a large weather adjustment on the customer's bill that is not related to weather variations.

Therefore, to guard against these large unintended changes in

customer bills and to help ensure that the monthly weather adjustment is only adjusting for weather sensitive changes in customer consumption, the weather mechanism employs various checks and balances. For example, downward adjustments when weather is colder than normal are limited to metered volumes to prevent bills with negative usage. In addition, upward adjustments are limited such that no customer adjustment will exceed the metered usage. Yet another check and balance compares the current month use calculation to a longer range statistical correlation, or regression analysis, to look at the relationship between customers' usage and weather over two winter seasons to ensure the Company is only adjusting bills to account for differences in use related to deviations from normal weather. While these checks and balances are not necessary components of the EEP, the Company believes they help ensure that the monthly adjustments are more reflective of changes in weather sensitive consumption.

III. SOUTHWEST GAS' ENERGY EFFICIENCY ENABLING PROVISION

- Q. 19 Did Southwest Gas review other weather normalization tariffs when developing its tariff proposal?
- A. 19 Yes. The Company surveyed several tariffs prior to developing its tariff proposal. While some tariffs contain detailed descriptions of their weather calculations, others included little discussion of the weather normalization process. Questar Gas, which has had a weatherization normalization adjustment for nearly two decades, has one of the more detailed tariff provisions. The Company's mechanism is very similar to Questar's and the Southwest Gas tariff was drafted to closely match the Questar tariff.
- Q. 20 Does the Questar tariff specifically mention any check and balance measures that are employed to ensure that the weather normalization adjustment only

- adjusts customer bills for deviations from normal weather?
- 2 A. 20 No.

- Q 21 Do you know whether Questar considers any secondary checks and balances when determining the appropriate weather normalization adjustment?
- A. 21 Yes. Questar utilizes a regression analysis check when determining this adjustment as well as adjustment limits to address situations where the calculated weather adjustment exceeds logical bounds due to some anomaly.
- 9 Q. 22 Is it uncommon for utilities to have billing processes and provisions approved in Commission Orders that are not detailed in its applicable tariffs?
 - A. 22 No. For example, the accounting and rate calculation for the Company's Demand Side Management program surcharge and its Customer Owned Yard Line replacement program are not explicitly mentioned or detailed in its Arizona Gas Tariff. Another example is the calculation of the Southwest Gas Monthly Gas Cost. While the process is generally discussed in the Purchased Gas Cost Adjustment Provision, similar to the EEP, not all of the details of the monthly gas cost calculation are described in the Company's Arizona Gas Tariff.
 - Q. 23 Why didn't Southwest Gas specifically describe the secondary checks and balances in its tariff?
 - A. 23 One of the challenges Southwest Gas faced in implementing the monthly weather adjustment was to balance the presentation of information to its customers in such a way that customers were adequately informed about the mechanism, but were not presented with technical issues that misled and confused them. It was determined that for tariff purposes a high level discussion was more appropriate to introduce the concept and mechanism. However, it was also recognized that some customers may want to know

more of the details and perhaps want to perform the calculations and analysis themselves. As a result, when customers ask for additional details regarding the calculations and analysis, the Company has always accommodated their requests.

- Q. 24 Is the Southwest Gas administration of its EEP, inclusive of the monthly weather adjustment process, in compliance with its tariff?
- A. 24 Yes. The overall purpose of the EEP is to ensure the Company only recovers, on average, the Commission authorized margin per customer. Within the EEP, the aim of the monthly weather mechanism is to adjust customer bills during the winter months when actual weather is colder or warmer than normal to replicate what customers would have used if weather was normal. To accomplish this, customer bills are evaluated to estimate weather sensitive consumption to minimize adjustments to only the weather sensitive portion of customer bills. The Company employs a number of techniques to accomplish this goal, with the understanding that ultimately the annual decoupling adjustment component or the EEP will true-up to the authorized margin amounts.

19 IV. CUSTOMER RELATIONS AND EDUCATION

- 20 Q. 25 What has the Company done to address customers who are interested in obtaining additional information regarding the mechanism?
 - A. 25 The Company established a process to ensure that customers received accurate information about the mechanism. First, the front-line customer assistance representatives were provided background information and a high level understanding of the mechanism that they could provide customers. In the event a customer desired more information regarding the mechanism the customers were referred to more senior, knowledgeable personnel. On the

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rare occasion where the senior customer assistance representatives were unable to adequately address the customer inquiry, a subject matter expert would contact customers.

Q. 26 Was this approach successful?

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Yes. Southwest Gas is very pleased with the implementation of both the monthly weather adjustment and annual revenue decoupling mechanisms contained in the EEP of its Arizona Gas Tariff. As a measure of the successful rate case implementation, including the weather mechanism, the Company looked at the number of customer assistance calls after the most recent general rate case Order compared to the number of calls after the previous general rate case Order. The customer assistance calls were dramatically lower after the most recent Order. It is also telling that Southwest Gas has rendered millions of customer bills with weather adjustments, yet has received only a handful of negative comments.

Q. 27 How did the Company assist Mr. Gayer in his effort to gain a greater understanding of the monthly weather adjustment mechanism?

17 A. 27 It is my understanding that Mr. Gayer initially directed his questions to the Company's customer assistance department, but did not get the information 18 19 that he was seeking. Following the protocol established to address customer concerns, as previously detailed, he was contacted by a Company subject 20 21 matter expert. It was explained to Mr. Gayer that the monthly weather calculations are done at the individual customer level and that the adjustment 22 23 requires real-time daily weather data for each customer's billing cycle, as well as the 10-year average weather data used in the Company's Arizona general 24 25 rate case to establish customer volumes for rate design. Mr. Gayer was provided a direct contact phone number and email address which he could 26 use if he had any additional inquiries. Subsequently, over the next three 27

- months Mr. Gayer requested and was provided billing data and bill calculations for his January, February and March 2013 service.
 - Q. 28 Did Mr. Gayer seek additional information from the Company after his March 2013 inquiry?

- 5 A. 28 No. When the Company did not hear from Mr. Gayer, the presumption was that his questions and concerns had been addressed.
- Q. 29 Is the Company willing to continue to work with Mr. Gayer to assist him in thecalculation of his monthly gas bills?
- 9 A. 29 Yes. Southwest Gas will work with any customer that requests assistance with the calculation of their monthly Southwest Gas bill for as long as the customer requests such assistance.

V. NON-DISCRIMINATORY APPLICATION OF TARIFFS AND PROCEDURES

- Q. 30 Does Southwest Gas administer its tariffs and procedures such that customers receive equitable treatment and avoid undue discrimination?
- A. 30 Absolutely. The Company takes its responsibilities to treat all its customers fairly and equitably very seriously and applies its tariffs and procedures without discrimination. However, the application of tariffs and procedures sometimes result in different treatment for different customers. For example, an applicant for service must meet certain requirements before the Company will initiate service. One of those requirements is the establishment of credit. If the applicant meets certain creditworthiness conditions, they will not be required to provide a deposit. However, if the applicant cannot meet the conditions, they will be required to establish credit by providing a security deposit to the Company.
- Q. 31 Is there any dissimilar treatment or favoritism amongst customers regarding the application of the Company's monthly weather adjustment?

A. 31 No. The monthly weather adjustment algorithm is applied identically to all customers subject to the weather adjustment mechanism.

VI. BILL FORMAT MODIFICATION

- Q. 32 Does the Company routinely make changes to its Arizona customer bill format?
- A. 32 No. In the past ten years, the Company has only changed its Arizona customer bill format two times. Nonetheless, the Company periodically reviews its business operations and interactions with its customers and strives to employ industry "best practices" when those practices can be integrated with the Company's operations. Prior to the most recent change in bill format, Southwest Gas' bill format presented detailed calculations of rates, including rate pro-rations when a customer's rate changed within their billing period. Displaying these calculations generated bills that oftentimes resulted in customer confusion, which led to customer questions, many of which came to the Commission's Consumer Services Staff. Consequently, Southwest Gas undertook a review of its bill presentation and how other similarly situated utilities billed their customers.
- Q. 33 How did the Southwest Gas bill compare to the other utilities that were surveyed?
 - The Southwest Gas bill was clearly much more complicated and harder to understand compared to some of the other utilities. Attached as Exhibit No.__(EG-1) are examples of bills from Arizona Public Service for electric service, SemStream for propane service and Questar Gas for natural gas service, none of which show the calculation of the line item charges. For comparison, an example of a Southwest Gas bill prior to the most recent format change is attached as Exhibit No.__(EG-2). After conducting its

review, the Company concluded that it should explore the modification of its bill presentation.

- Q. 34 Please explain the process that the Company used to develop its revised bill format.
 - Although the Company had been considering a change in its bill format as far back as 2007, it began a best practices review in the later part of 2009. Once the decision was made to simplify its bill format, the Company considered the amount of detail it thought most appropriate for its billings. Ultimately, the Questar Gas format was chosen as a model for the Southwest Gas bill.

In the early months of 2010, the Company discussed the proposed change in bill format with its customer assistance managers to solicit feedback on their customer interactions and their opinions on bill format simplification. They overwhelmingly supported the overhaul of the Southwest Gas bill to address issues that, in their experience, contributed to customer confusion.

Next, the Company met with the ACC Consumer Services Staff (Staff) to discuss the format changes and to solicit comment and input on the Company's plan. Again, the feedback the Company received was positive. In addition, the Staff provided recommendations addressing the implementation of the changes. Staff recognized that there might be some customers that would prefer the more detailed bill format and suggested that the Company consider providing the option for customers to continue to receive the detailed bill. Staff also suggested the Company provide notice to its customers of the bill format change. Both of these recommendations were implemented. A copy of the notification that was sent to all of Southwest Gas' Arizona customers, including Mr. Gayer, is attached hereto as Exhibit No.__(EG-3)

1 Once the Company made the necessary billing system programing 2 changes and prepared the customer education materials, it implemented the 3 change. The first bills with the new format were presented to customers March 2011. 4 5 35 Q. Do you agree with Mr. Gayer's allegation that the decision to simplify 6 customer bills was "[t]o prevent its customers from realizing that a new 7 charge had been added to their bills" (i.e. the monthly weather adjustment)? 8 Α. 35 No. As discussed above, the Company had been considering a change in its 9 bill format as far back as 2007 due to the fact that the Southwest Gas bill was much more complicated and harder to understand compared to some of the 10 other utilities. In fact, Southwest gas had made decoupling and weather 11 adjustment proposals as far back as its 2004 general rate case and yet again 12 13 in its 2007 rate case. There is simply no correlation between the Company's bill format simplification and the 2011 rate case proposal to implement the 14 15 monthly weather adjustment. 36 Since implementation of the simplified bill, how may customers have 16 Q. 17 requested the more detailed bill format? Out of nearly 1 million customers served in Arizona, only 626 customers have 18 Α. 36 requested, and are provided with, a more detailed bill. 19 Expressed in 20 mathematical terms, more than 99.9 percent of customers are satisfied with 21 the simplified bill format. 22 Q. 37 Did Southwest Gas ever receive a request from Mr. Gayer to be provided 23 with a more detailed bill? Yes. Southwest Gas received Mr. Gayer's request for a more detailed bill on 24 A. 37 25 or about March 2012. Since that time, Southwest Gas has been consistently 26 providing Mr. Gayer with a more detailed bill.

Did the Company consider displaying the calculation of the weather

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adjustment calculation on customer bills?

Yes. Before the implementation of the simplified bill format, the Company explored how a monthly weather adjustment could be portrayed on customer bills. As part of that exploration, it looked at other utilities that utilize monthly weather adjustments and did not find any utility that actually showed the calculation on the bill. Some utilities show the adjustment in a line item while others consolidate the adjustment with other billing elements. Ultimately, Southwest Gas chose to follow the example of Questar Gas and consolidate the weather adjustment with its usage charge, consistent with the Company's decision to simplify its bills similar to Questar Gas.

VII. CONCLUSION

Α.

- Q. 39 How would Southwest Gas summarize its experience with the EEP, in particular the monthly weather adjustment mechanism?
 - Since the implementation of the EEP beginning January 2012, the monthly weather adjustment mechanism, combined with the annual decoupling deferral, have directly benefited customers by 1) stabilizing winter bills and 2) crediting to customers over \$11 million dollars. The Company is committed to providing all information that it has regarding a customer's bill on a timely basis to any customer that requests it. The Company has implemented reasonable procedures to respond to customer inquiries about its various billing process. As a result, Southwest Gas is of the firm belief that no wholesale change to current process is warranted, especially given that the Company has provided Mr. Gayer with all of the information he has requested, including providing him with a detailed monthly bill.
- Q. 40 Does this conclude your prepared direct testimony?
- 27 A. 40 Yes.

Appendix ASummary of Qualification of Edward Gieseking

SUMMARY OF QUALIFICATIONS EDWARD GIESEKING

I graduated from Sonoma State University in 1985 with a Bachelor of Arts degree in Business Management and from New Mexico State University in 1993 with a Master of Arts degree in Regulatory Economics.

From 1983 through 1993, I was employed by Pacific Gas and Electric Company in various capacities, including the position of Regulatory Analyst in the Revenue Requirements and Rates departments. My responsibilities as a Regulatory Analyst primarily involved the development of pricing structures and supporting rate requests before the California Public Utilities Commission.

I began my career with Southwest as a Specialist in the Rates department in 1993. I was assigned responsibility for monitoring and participating in California regulatory activity and reporting impacts to Company management. In 1995 I was promoted to Senior Specialist in the Regulatory Affairs department and subsequently promoted to Manager of the department in 1998. In addition to the day-to-day management of the department, my responsibilities included the supervision of regulatory filings to ensure timely and accurate submittals, and serving as the Company liaison with state regulatory agency and state consumer advocate professionals.

In August 2002, I was promoted to the position of Senior Manager of the Pricing and Tariffs department and in July 2003 was promoted to my current position.

Exhibit No. _(EG-1)









Bill date: July 2, 2008

Summary	of what	t vou	owe
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Less	Amount due on previous bill	\$204.00
Less	Payments made on Jun 16, thank you	-\$204.00
Equals	Your balance forward	\$0.00
Plus	Your Equalizer payment due this month	\$204.00
Equals	Total	\$204.00

Due date: July 16, 2008

Your account number: 001234567

For service at:

Questions?

Call: 602-371-7171, 24 hours a day Website: aps.com Para servisio en español llame al: 602-371-6861 (Phoenix)

Your Equalizer Plan	status	142 J	7						i Siri Nati		
Plan belance from your 06A	03/2008	bili -			Œ,	k ji				1,4	
Less your payment received	3	115			. Te j				-\$20		200
Equals your Plan balance for Plus this month's charge to		ity se	rvice	25	•••				\$10 \$24		
Equals your current Plan by		фħЬ,		Ú.	i i i					9.2	2 14
Less this month's Equalizer	paymer	£t.			41.	4.9	M.	-	-\$20	14.0	Ď.

 About your service plan
You've chosen the Time Advantage Plan. This gives you lower prices between 9 pm and 9 am weekdays and all day Saturday and Sunday. Try to schedule your use of major appliances for those periods.

· Help those in need

A dollar goes a long way to help those in need. Include your tax-deductible donation to SHARE with your bill payment or sign up to make a regular donation.

Page 1 of 3

See page 2 for more information

When paying in person, please bring bottom portion of this bill.



Your account number 001234567

Bill date July 2, 2008

Mailing address of phone number change? Check been and fill in the desaits on the back.

Total amount due

204.00

Your optional contribution to SHARE:

Total amount paid:

Due date:

Jul 16, 2008

Ways to pay your bill

- online at aps.com
- SurePay, our free direct dabit service
 by phone with a credit or debit card (a third party convenience fee applies). Calt 1-868-261-2738
- in person at APS payment locations statewide -bring your entire bill with you. Visit sps.com for

PHOENIX AZ 85004

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- Page 2 -

Your electricity bill Bill date: July 2, 2008

William Sample

Your account number: 001234567

Meter number: E03422 Meter reading cycle: 21

Your service plan: Time Advantage 9pm-9am

Charges for electricity services

Cost of electricity you used	
Basic service charge	\$6.33
Delivery service charge	\$44.53
Environmental benefits surcharge	\$3.17
Federal environmental improvement surcharge	\$0.29
Competition rules compliance surcharge	\$0.61
System benefits charge	\$3,33
Power supply adjustment*	\$7.20
Metering *	\$4.95
Meter reading*	\$1.65
Billing*	\$1.86
Generation of electricity on-peak*	\$88.42
Generation of electricity off-peak*	\$21.24
Transmission and ancillary services*	\$9.36
Transmission cost adjustment*	\$0.85
Interim rate surcharge	\$4.07
Cost of electricity you used	\$197.86

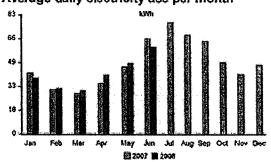
Amount of electricity you used

Meter reading on Jul 1	88639
Meter reading on May 30	86639
Total electricity you used, in kWh	2000
On-peak meter reading on Jul 1	78125
On-peak meter reading on May 30	77412
On-peak electricity you used, in kWh	713
(9am to 9pm Monday to Friday)	
Off-peak electricity you used, in kWh	1287
(9pm to 9am weekdays and all day Saturday and Sunday)	

Taxes and fees

Regulatory assesment	\$0.36
State sales tax	\$11.32
County sales tax	\$1.42
City sales tax	\$5.99
Franchise fee	\$5.46
Cost of electricity with taxes and fees	\$220.38
Total charges for electricity services	\$220.38

Average daily electricity use per month



*These services are currently provided by APS but may be provided by a competitive supplier.

Comparing your monthly use

	This month	Last month	This month last year
Billing days	32	29	29
Average outdoor temperature	91°	76°	90°
Your total use in kWh	2000	1579	2072
Percentage of on-peak use	36%	34%	52%
Your average daily cost	\$7.55	\$6.57	\$8.59



Your Propane Gas Bill For Service at:

Bill Date:

September 08, 2008

Past Due After:

October 10, 2008

Your Propane Gas Bill

Summary of What You Owe

ountitiary of what for owe	4	00.40
Billing	\$	23.12
Equals your Balance Forward	\$.	23.12
Charges for your propane gas serv	ices	
Basic Service Charge	\$	∴ 6.00°
Cost of Propane you used		
Fuel Surcharge	\$	0.67
Energy Usage	\$	8.08
Purchased Gas Adjuster		6.07
Total Cost of Propane		14.82
Cost of Propane \$ Per Therm	\$	2.22
Cost of Propane \$ Per Gal	\$	2.02
Taxes and fees		
Town of Page Franchise Fee	\$	0.25
Regulatory Assessment		0.02
State Tax		1.42
City Tax	\$	0.63
Total Cost of Taxes and Fees	\$.	2.32
Total Charges for Propane Service	s \$	23.14

Total Balance Due \$ 46.26

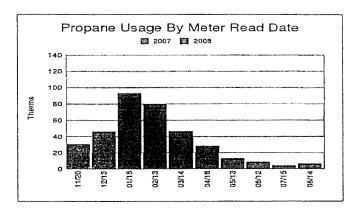
Exhibit No.__(EG-1) Sheet 3 of 4

www.semstreamarizona.com

	, ол 10/10 7 on 10/10)	\$	46.26 46.26
,	Suchaman M	 000004	

Customer Number: **Account Number:** 000004 000000004

Rate Schedule: Residential



Comparing your monthly use	This Month	Last Month	Last Year
Billing Days	29	30	32
Your total use in therms	6.68	6.68	0.00
Average daily use (therms)	0.23	0.22	0.00

		Billing	Period		Meter R	eading in Cu	bic Feet		
Services	Meter#	From	То	Days	Present	Previous	Usage	Read Type	Total Units
Propane	0U574389	08/14/08	09/12/08	29	2363	2360	3	Regular	6.68 Therms

As oil prices continue to hit new highs, PROPANE like gasoline, which are derived from oil continues to go up in cost. WATCH for our insert later this summer regarding projected Winter prices of PROPANE.

Please detach and return below portion with your payment. If paying in person, please bring entire bill, Please make sure return address (On front-right side of stub) shows through return address window

SEMSTREAM ARIZONA PROPANE LLC 2000 EAST FRONTAGE ROAD PAGE, AZ 86040

> Mailing Address or phone number change? Check box, and write details on the back.

Service Address:

Questions about your bill please call 928.645.2391

ADDRESSEE



PAGE AZ 860400000

IF PAYING BY CREDIT CARD, FILL OUT BELOW.							
(MasterCard)							
CARD NUMBER			EXP. DATE				
SIGNATURE			SECURITY CODE				
ACCOUNT NUMBER	DUE DATE		AMOUNT DUE				
00000004 10/10/08			\$ 46.26				
CUSTOMER NUMBER SHARE THE WARMTH contri			bution	AMOUNT PAID			
000004 \$				\$			

HOLD AND THE REMITTED WHELL SHEET IN THE (860402)

SEMSTREAM ARIZONA PROPANE LLC 2000 EAST FRONTAGE ROAD PAGE, AZ 86040

46.53

Thank you for your patronage. Your prompt payment assists us in providing our customers with high-quality natural gas service.

Account Summary as of: January 16, 201. Previous Balance Due – 01/05/2012	2
Previous Balance Due - 01/05/2012	42.15
Payment Received - 1/5/2012	-42.15
Current Charges - Gas Service	46.53
Total Amount Due Upon Receipt	\$ 46.53
1% monthly interest (12% annually) charged on balance	on or after 02/07/2012.

Service Address:

0.833991 0.003577 1122.710000 1167.500000

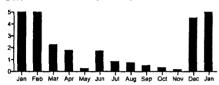
Residential Gas Service

Service Agreement: 8072980294

Comparison	Last Year	This Year
Decatherms/Day	0.17	0.16
Dollars/Day	\$1.72	\$1.50







Service from 12/14/2011 - 1/14/2012	
Rate - GS	
Charge for Gas Used (Avg cost per DTH \$ (7.49800))	37.49
Basic Service Fee Total	5.00
Utah Sales Tax (3.35%)	1.42
Municipal Energy Tax (6%)(Cedar City)	2.55
Energy Assistance	0.07

Meter	Current	Meter Read	Previous I	Meter Read	D-1/2	Dia		Volume	Billed
ID	Date	Reading	Date	Reading	Days	Differe	nce	Multiplier	DTH
36185629	1/14/2012	3344	12/13/2011	3289	32	55	CCF	0.091096	5.0

Current Gas Billing

Questions, comments or mailing address corrections? Call Questar Gas weekdays 7am-7pm (see back of page for details) or visit our website: Questargas.com

Please write your account number on your check and return this portion with your payment.



Account	Current Charges	Total Amount	Amount
	Past Due After	Due	Enclosed
8072980334	2/7/2012	\$46.53	Bank Payment

Questar Gas Company PO Box 45841 Salt Lake City, UT 84139-0001

Exhibit No. _(EG-2)

Exhibit No. _(EG-2)

PO BOX 52075 MS 42A-002 PHOENIX, AZ 85072-2075

Customer Service: (602) 861-1999 TDD/Deaf Device: (602) 395-4142 Spanish/Espanol: (602) 678-6796 www.swgas.com PLEASE RETAIN THIS TOP PORTION FOR YOUR RECORDS

PHOENIX AZ 85025-2321 Hotolddfanddalladdalladdalladandladd

Service Address:

Rate Schedule: 110/G-5 RESIDENTIAL GAS SERVICE
Your Local Office is 10851 N BLACK CANYON HWY, PHOENIX AZ 85029

ACCOUNT NUMBER	CYCLE	DATE MAILED	PAST DUE AFTER	PLEASE PAY AMOUNT DUE
421-0767786-022	12	01/22/02	02/11/02	\$137.BI
PREVIOUS BILLING Previous Balar Payment(s) Sir	ce	est Bill - Th	ank You	113.90 113.90CR
Balance Forwar	ď			\$0.00
CURRENT BILLING: Meter Reading Current Prev Jan. 18 Dec 1379 -	ious 18	31 Days Bil	х.	S
Gas Usage Rate Adjustmen Mo Gas Cost Ad Basic Service Applicable Rev	Charc	08 Therms X 08 Therms X 08 Therms X	Control of the contro	86.94 6.90 23.99 8.00 11.98
Current	Bill			\$137.81
	4000000			

Amount due: Due date: 02/11/02 \$137.81

Important Messeges:

Your next meter read date is: Feb. 20, 2002

BEST WISHES FOR THE NEW YEAR FROM THE ENERGY SPECIALISTS AT SOUTHWEST GAS! THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THE ANSWERS TO YOUR HOME ENERGY QUESTIONS ARE JUST A TOLL-FREE PHONE CALL AWAY. WHETHER YOU NEED NAMES OF RELIABLE CONTRACTORS IN YOUR AREA OR HELP CHOOSING A NEW HEATING SYSTEM, GIVE THE ENERGY SPECIALISTS A CALL AT 1-800-654-2765.

Gas Usage History Information: Therms / Days This Month

herms 3.48 Last Month 88 32 54 Last Year 83 30 2.77 54

Previous	Payments &	Balance	Current	Current	AMOUNT
Balance	Adjustments	Forward	Bill	Balance	DUE
113.90	- 113.90	= 0.00	+ 137.81	= 137.81	\$137.81

PLEASE SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR RULES AND REGULATIONS • RETURN BOTTOM PORTION WITH PAYMENT



SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

PO BOX 52075 MS 42A-002 PHOENIX, AZ 85072-2075 ****- V O I D -***

ACCOUNT NUMBER	CYCLE	DATE MAILED	PAST DUE AFTER	AMOUNT DUE
421-0767786-022	12	01/22/02	02/11/02	\$137.81 \$
V. 1. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11				CA CK MO CC

PHOENIX AZ 85023-2321

SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

PO Box 98890 Las Vegas NV 89150-0101

42107677860226000013781000000000

This bill is now due and payable. Please make check payable to SWG and write account number on front of check or money order. Do not send cash through the mail or place cash in the night depository.

Exhibit No. _(EG-3)







SOUTHWEST GAS

- 1. The Usage Charge is a per therm charge that recovers the costs of delivering natural gas which are not recovered in the Basic Service Charge, and the cost of natural gas purchased by Southwest Gas on behalf of our customers.
- 2. The Basic Service Charge is a per month charge that recovers a portion of the cost of delivering your natural gas.

CONTRACTOR STATE OF THE STATE O

- 3. The DOT Safety Surcharge recovers the cost of pipeline safety programs mandated by the Department of Transportation.
- 4. Applicable Revenue Taxes are the State and local government taxes Southwest Gas is required to collect from its customers. For Southwest's current Statement of Rates visit: http://www.swgas.com/tariffs/aztariff/rates/statement_of_rates.pdf

ACCOUNT NUMBER C	YOLE DATE MAI)XX	03/29/XX		\$65.23
PREVIOUS BILLING: Previous Balance Payment(s) Since Last		S A SAN	PAY.	64	4.70 4.70CR \$0.00
Balance Forward					Fotal
CURRENT BILLING: Meter Reading:	32 Days Current Mar. 03 4127 -	Previous Feb. 02 4057 =	Billing Factor 70 X .9757		Therms 68 54.34
					10.70
Usage Charges Basic Service Charge					0.14
DOT Safety Surcharge Applicable Revenue Ta	xes				\$65.
Current Bill			Amount	due:	\$65.23
Due on or be	fore: 03/29	/XX	Amount	war para da da	

Docket No. G-01551A-13-0327

Richard Gayer
Complainant
v.

Southwest Gas Corporation
Respondent

Exhibit No.



SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

ERRATA TO PREPARED TESTIMONY OF EDWARD GIESEKING DATED MAY 30, 2014





May 30, 2014

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Docket Control Office Arizona Corporation Commission 1200 West Washington Phoenix, AZ 85007

Subject:

Southwest Gas Corporation

General Rate Case; G-01551A-13-0327

Errata to Prepared Direct Testimony of Edward Gieseking

Enclosed please find an original and thirteen (13) copies of Southwest Gas Corporation's Errata to Prepared Direct Testimony of Edward Gieseking in the above-referenced docket. An additional copy is included for date/time stamp and return in the self-addressed, stamped envelope. This filing is made in conjunction with the recently filed direct testimony on May 27, 2014, of Edward Gieseking. This filing is limited to replacement of Exhibit No. _(EG-2).

Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at (702) 876-7163.

Respectfully,

Debra S. Gallo

Director/Government & State Regulatory Affairs

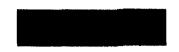
Enclosures

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Customer Assistance Asistencia al Cliente Toli Free/Liamada Gratis 1-877-860-6020 Exhibit No.__(EG-2)
Sheet 1 of 2

PO Box 98890 Las Vegas NV 89193-8890

70 Hearing Impaired: Dial 711 7 89193-8890 www.swgas.com F. FASE OF TABLES TO FERS ON FOR YOUR BLOCKINS

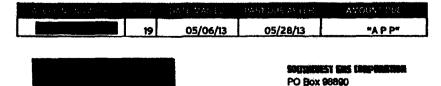


Service Address;

Rate Schedule: 011/G-11 MULTI-FAMILY LOW INCOME RES GAS SERVICE Your Local Office is 2200 N CENTRAL, STE 101, PHOENIX AZ 85004

DATE MAILED PAST DUE AFTER PLEASE PAY A MOUNT DUE 19 05/06/13 05/28/13 "A P P" PREVIOUS BILLING: Previous Balance Pagment(s) Since Last Bill - Thank You 13.23 19.25CR Balance Ferward ##. **00** CURRENT BILLING: 38 Bays (Sasson Change)
Heter Rendins: Current Previous
Hey 02 Apr. 62
3534 9 16 X Billing Tetal Factor Therms 18 X .9943 = 10 Delivery Charge Summer w Minter Tier Total Delivery Charge Rate Adjustment Support Nata Subtotal Yetal Rate Adjustment OUT Safety Surthering Guester 0.97CK Summer Minter Tatal 801 Sofaty Surch Monthly Gas Cost Heathly Sun Leave Server & Heater Total Heathly Sun Cost Whale Service Cherry Law Income Sul James 121 Applicable Revenue Taxa 1:

man Sign up for paperless billing at man. sugas.com were



PLEASE SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR RULES AND REGULATIONS . RETURN BOTTOM PORTION WITH PAYMENT

Las Vegas NV 89193-8890

This bill is now due and payable. Please make chack payable to SWG and write account number on front of chack or money order. Do not send cash through the mail or place cash in the night depository.

Customer Assistance Asistencia al Cliente Toll Free/Llamada Gratis 1-877-860-6020 Exhibit No.__(EG-2)
Sheet 2 of 2

PO Box 98890 Las Vegas NV 89193-8890

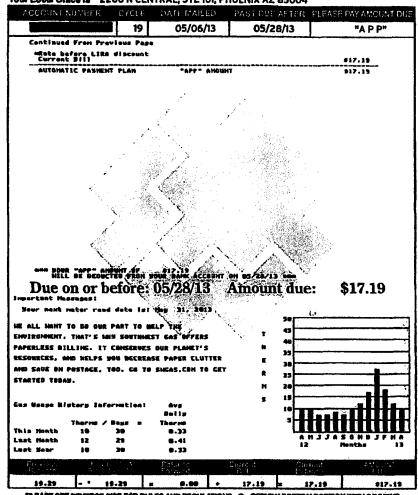
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DUPLICATE

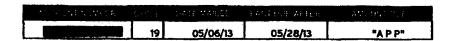
Service Address: Rate Schedule:

Your Local Office is 2200 N CENTRAL, STE 101, PHOENIX AZ 85004



PLEASE SEE NEVERSE SIDE FOR RULES AND REGULATIONS • RETURN BOTTOM PORTION WITH PAYMENT

MMM Sign up for paperlass billing at MMM.SMgas.com MMM



PO Box 98890 Las Vegas NV 89193-8890

This bill is now due and payable. Please make check payable to SWG and write account number on front of check or money order. Do not send cash through the mail or place cash in the night depository.





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COMMISSIONERS

GARY PEARCE

BOB BURNS

BRENDA BURNS

RICHARD GAYER.

BOB STUMP, Chairman

SUSAN BITTER SMITH

Complainant,

SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION.

Respondent.

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BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION

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DOCKET CONTROL

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Arizona Corporation Commission

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DOCKETED BY

(Dwight D. Nodes, Hearing Officer)

DOCKET NO. G-01551A-13-0327

Complainant's

PREPARED TESTIMONY

(Rule R14-3-109(M))

Complainant Gayer hereby submits his prepared testimony pursuant to the amended Order of Hearing Officer Nodes dated April 7, 2014 under Rule R14-3-109(M).

Legal Summary

In implementing decoupling under Arizona Gas Tariff No. 7, pages 92-96 dated January 1, 2012, Southwest Gas ("SWGas" or the "Company") is violating the tariff itself as well as Arizona Revised Statutes section 44-1521 et seq. on consumer fraud by failing and refusing to fully itemize all customers' bills (except for those who *subsequently* may expressly opt out), by discriminating in favor of a few of its customers and against the rest of them regarding itemization in violation of A.R.S. section 40-334, by using methods other than those set forth in the Tariff for calculating customer's bills, and by using non-public proprietary temperature data to determine Heating Degree Days ("HDDs").

To prevent its customers from realizing that a new charge had been added to their bills, SWGas "simplified" them nine months before adding the Monthly Weather Adjustment Charge.

Factual History

I have been a customer of SWGas since March 2004 when I moved into my home in Phoenix, Arizona. I received itemized bills from them until the one dated 03/25/11 that covered mostly February 2011. My bill dated 04/07/11 covering mostly March 2011 was the first simplified bill that I received, but I did not then notice the change nor had I requested any simplification. (I never received any prior information from SWGas about that change.)

In January 2012, I received a bill dated 01/06/2012 covering mostly December 2011 that I later discovered was the first such bill to include the Monthly Weather Adjustment ("MWA") charge, although that information did not appear anywhere on the bill or on anything accompanying the bill. It was for 100 therms and contained the following line items: \$113.98 for "usage" (a new term), \$10.70 for the basic service charge, \$0.05 for the DOT, and \$15.47 for taxes, for a total of \$140.20. ("Usage" seems to mean cost of gas plus delivery charge plus MWA.¹)

In early February 2012, I received a bill dated 02/06/12 covering mostly January 2012. It was for only 72 therms but contained only the following line items: \$100.58 for "usage", \$10.70 for the basic service charge, \$0.04 for the DOT, and 13.82 for taxes, for a total of \$125.14. I was unable to make any sense out of that bill because the decrease in usage (100 therms down to 72 therms for a ratio of 72 %) was not reflected in the decreased charge for gas (113.98 down to only 100.58, a ratio of 88%). There must be a hidden charge somewhere, so I began my frustrating series of contacts with several representatives of SWGas in an attempt to learn about the new charge.

I paid the above bill with a check dated 13 February 2012 and then called the nearest office of SWGas about the hidden charge on or about 15 February 2012. I spoke with "Charlene" and told her about a possible complaint to the Arizona Corporation Commission ("AzCC") about the hidden charge. She referred me to a company called the Weather Bank and

On the back of my "simplified" bills we find a definition of "Usage Charge: Usage charges recover the cost of delivering natural gas which is not covered by the Basic Service Charge, and the cost of natural gas purchased by SWG on behalf of our customers." Why not mention the MWA or at least something about "decoupling"?

 to WSI, Incorporated for HDD information. I later discovered on 24 February through 27 February that neither company had a current contract with SWGas. On or about 16 February 2012, Charlene explained the application of a formula to calculate my MWA and she mentioned Brooks Congdon in Las Vegas. She also said (incorrectly) that SWGas uses data from NOAA for HDDs, so I used that data to my frustration.

I also contacted Customer Service for the AzCC and contacted RUCO by telephone and e-mail, but to no avail.

On 27 February 2012, I sent a letter via e-mail and via the United States Postal Service to Karen Haller, General Counsel for SWGas, regarding my frustration in trying to calculate my MWA. My main problem was the determination of the actual and normal HDDs used by SWGas. In an apparent response to that letter, I received a telephone call from Brooks Congdon of SWGas on the same day after 5 pm in Phoenix. He referred me to a company called Telvent DTN for data on HDDs and sent me a list of *only* the *Normal* HDDs (10-year averages) used by SWGas.

On or about 5 March 2012, I received a letter from Justin Lee Brown of SWGas in response to the above letter to Karen Haller that amounted to a status report.

During March 2012, I attempted to find a set of Actual HDDs that yielded the results obtained by SWGas regarding my MWA, but was unable to do so.

So, on 23 March 2012, in response to an earlier reference from SWGas, I sent an e-mail to Kathy Smith of Telvent for information regarding the Actual HDDs used by SWGas. On 4 April 2012, in response to that e-mail, I received a telephone call from Brooks Congdon in which he offered to and did furnish the Actual HDDs used by SWGas for the month in question at that time. However, I was still unable to match the results obtained by SWGas in calculating my MWA. The hidden (mathematical) method was a linear regression used to "mitigate" a customer's bill that would be outrageous if the formula in the tariff was applied.

Since then, I have had numerous oral and written communications with Brooks Congdon. I found him to be courteous and friendly, but he often provided information that turned out to be false. For example, on 6-7 January 2013 we discussed via e-mail and telephone basic concepts

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of regression as used by SWGas, including the application of the last eight "winter" months that include only December, January, February and March, with further information provided telephonically on 11 January 2013. Next, via e-mails dated 18 January 2013 and 21 January 2013, I informed Congdon of my inability to obtain regression results close to those of SWGas. Later, in an e-mail of 3 April 2013, I inquired about the definition of "month" as it applies to the linear regression used by SWGas to mitigate customers' bills. He first said that it is defined by the date on the bill, but that was false. He later advised that it is the month covered by the bill, so that a bill dated (say) in the first few days of February was the "January" bill for regression purposes.

In telephonic and e-mail communications around 4 January 2013, Congdon admitted that "regression" was not mentioned anywhere in the tariff. He also explained that the "margin" comprised three components: the gas delivery charge, the MWA, and the basic charge. In calculating the regression coefficient, he said to use the most recent eight winter months, starting with the one immediately before the bill in question. He later admitted the falsity of that information, advising to start with the "month" (as previously defined) that was covered by that bill. On 11 February 2013, I received from Congdon summary data for actual HDDs for the entire month in question, but he did not furnish that information for each day of the month. He confirmed that regressions were not mentioned anywhere in the tariff.

Since Congdon was not continuing to send me monthly data for the actual HDDs used by SWGas (they do not use data from NOAA²), I again during March 2013 attempted to find data for actual HDDs or actual temperatures from which HDDs may be easily calculated. I was referred to the Flood Control District of Maricopa County by a weatherman for a local TV channel (probably KPHO), but I was unable to find any data that was even close to those used by SWGas.

I have presented the foregoing details ad infinitum to demonstrate the frustration that I have been suffering at the hands of several representatives of SWGas. Being the victim of a

² On the other hand, NOAA data for Normal HDDs are used by the Northwest Natural Gas Company in Oregon. (In addition, they used a fixed "coefficient" for all customers in at least 2012.)

I eventually gave up and presented my problems to the AzCC, as set forth in my Informal Complaint of June 14, 2013 and then in my Formal Complaint of September 24, 2013.

Concluding Remarks

Fraud is a strong word to use against SWGas, but its silent simplification of its bills about nine months before it first applied the MWA does satisfy the language of A.R.S. section 44-1522(A) (emphasis. added): "The act, use or employment by any person of any deception, deceptive act or practice, fraud, false pretense, false promise, misrepresentation, or concealment, suppression or omission of any material fact with intent that others rely upon such concealment, suppression or omission, in connection with the sale or advertisement of any merchandise whether or not any person has in fact been misled, deceived or damaged thereby, is declared to be an unlawful practice." Section 44-1521 defines "merchandise" to include services and "sale" to include any sale, and there is no need for anyone to have been "damaged thereby". One may ask why SWGas did not first impose the MWA and await customer reaction before simplifying anyone's bill, and also ask why the simplification was done in silence and long before the MWA was imposed. The answer is obvious: SWGas did not want to deal with the potential of thousands of perhaps hostile inquiries from its one million customers in Arizona; even one percent of its million Arizona customers amounts to 10,000 inquiries about the MWA.

SWGas claims that in response to a few customer requests, it simplified *all* of its customers' bills *before* the MWA was imposed, but one wonders what motivated those few

customers to do so. Moreover, SWGas conceded during several discussions among myself and 1 Justin Lee Brown (and others from SWGas and members of Commission staff) that it had no 2 business records of any such requests, and that in any event that such requests were not 3 numerous. Nonetheless, it went ahead and simplified every customer's bill without any consent 4 to that change from almost 100 percent of them. Worse yet, the silent simplification deprived 5 essentially 100 percent of its customers from even knowing about the MWA, thereby 6 guaranteeing that very few customers would inquire about it. I discovered the MWA almost 7 solely by accident. 8 SWGas also insists that it would be unfair to "impose" on all of its customers an itemized 9 bill that includes the MWA, but it has never been able to explain how adding three line items to 10 a "simplified" bill that already includes four items amounts to an imposition. Common sense 11 tells us that customers read what interests them and ignore the remainder, so that SWGas' 12 position should not be taken seriously. Significantly, SWGas concedes that simplifying its bills 13 "wasn't necessarily a cost savings measure". Statement of Jason Wilcock during proceedings of 14 4 March 2014 (Transcript p. 5:23-24; see also at p. 8:15-16 (question from ACALJ Nodes).) 15 16 Dated: 17 April 2014 Respectfully submitted by, 17 18 19 20

RICHARD GAYER, Comblainant

26 West Wilshire Drive oenix, AZ 85003

rgaver@cox.net

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY ELECTRONIC MAIL

On Maril 2014, I served a copy of this document via electronic mail on Respondent's attorney, Jason Wilcock, addressed to jason.wilcock@swgas.com.

I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Arizona that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on // April 2014 at Phoenix, Arizona

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BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION (

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RICHARD GAYER.

COMMISSIONERS

GARY PEARCE

BOB BURNS

BRENDA BURNS

BOB STUMP, Chairman

SUSAN BITTER SMITH

Complainant,

v.

SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION.

Respondent.

(Dwight D. Nodes, Hearing Officer)

DOCKET NO. G-01551A-13-0327

Complainant's

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

(Rule R14-3-109(M))

Complainant Gayer hereby submits his testimony in rebuttal to the direct testimonies of Robert Gray of the Commission's Staff and Edward Gieseking of Southwest Gas pursuant to the amended Order of Hearing Officer Nodes dated April 7, 2014 under Rule R14-3-109(M).

Testimony of Edward Gieseking

MONTHLY WEATHER ADJUSTMENT

The monthly Weather adjustment ("MWA") was implemented in January 2012, not in 2013 as stated by Gieseking (A.7 at 2:17).

Gieseking states that SWGas uses "next-day actual weather data provided by a commercial weather subscription service" (A.10 at 3:25-26), but Complainant obtains free of charge "next-day data" from www.nws.noaa.gov/climate every day without any delay. NOAA provides climate data for seven location in the Phoenix area, seven more locations in the Flagstaff area, and four more locations in the Tucson area, for a total of 18 locations in the State

of Arizona. SWGas fails to explain why those data are not sufficient for its needs, especially since a couple of days of delay (if any) in billing its customers cannot cause any problems.

SWGas concedes that data available from NOAA at no charge does not match the data it purchases from a private (profit-making) company (A.12 at 4:10-11), but does not claim to know which data are correct. SWGas could save money by using data available to the general public, including the Complainant herein. Complainant previously pointed out that NOAA data for HDDs are used by the Northwest Natural Gas Company in Oregon (prepared testimony in footnote 2 at page 4).

SWGas asserts that it "provides this [weather] information to any customer upon request" (A.14 at 4:18), but does not explain how a customer would be aware of the MWA in the first place. Without such awareness, few customers would make such a request. Complainant discovered the MWA almost by accident.

SWGas concedes that it uses methods to calculate bills that are not even mentioned in its Tariff (A.17 and A.18 at 5:8 through 6:14). It also concedes that "these checks and balances are *not* necessary components of the EEP" (A.18 at 6:12, emp. added). If so, then there is no need to use them!

SOUTHWEST GAS' ENERGY EFFICIENCY ENABLING PROVISION

Gieseking states that SWGas patterned its tariff after that of Questar Gas (A.19 at 6:24-25), but Questar provides service in the State of Utah, whose climate is obviously much different from that of Arizona, especially its southern half. SWGas fails to explain why it adopted Questar's intentional lack of transparency rather than deciding to fully reveal its calculation methods in its own tariff.

Complainant submits that use of the "fixed" coefficient used by the Northwest Natural Gas Company in Oregon would promote transparency by SWGas by eliminating the hidden use of regressions.

Gieseking responds to a question about "billing processes and provisions approved in Commission Orders but not detailed in its applicable tariffs" (Q and A 22 at 7:9-15), but fails to

identify a Commission Order, if any, that approved of regressions or other mitigators in relation to the MWA. My research on the website of the AzCC has not found any such Order.

Gieseking writes about the avoidance of "technical issues that misled and confused them [customers of SWGas]" (A.23 at 7:24-25), but he tacitly assumes that nearly all of "them" are so uneducated that they are unable to learn a new concept or apply one with which they are already familiar. It is the inclusion of the detailed formula on pages 92-93 of the tariff and the complete omission of "linear regression" from the tariff that is truly misleading and confusing.

Gieseking finally states that "the annual decoupling adjustment of the EEP will true-up the authorized margin amounts" (A. 24 at 8:15-17), but Complainant's own experience with the MWA seems to belie that statement. For the "winter" of 2013, I received a net credit of \$1.41 for the MWA, but for the same months of 2014, I paid a total of \$62.59 extra. I doubt that the future EEP adjustments on my bills will correct for this surprising MWA charge.

CUSTOMER RELATIONS AND EDUCATION

Gieseking describes the "process to ensure that customers received accurate information about the mechanism" (A.25 at 8:22-23) and asserts that the "approach [was] successful" (A.26 at 9:4-5). He bases his conclusion on the "dramatically" reduced "number of customer assistance calls" (A.26 at 9:9-12), but fails to explain how customers who are not aware of the MWA will be moved to inquire about it.

Gieseking then goes on to describe how SWGas allegedly assisted Complainant in understanding the MWA (A. 27 at 9:17 through 10-2), but he ignores most of the factual history in Complainant's Prepared Testimony (page 2:22 through 5:1), including "the frustration that I have been suffering at the hands of several representatives of SWGas." (Page 4:25-26.) Gieseking's description of his employer's treatment of Gayer is so whitewashed that it cannot be taken seriously.

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Gieseking states that SWGas avoids "undue discrimination" in dealing with its customers (O and A 30 at 10:14-16), but fails to define "undue". He claims that there is no "dissimilar treatment or favoritism amongst customers regarding the application of the" MWA (Q and A 31 at 10:26 to 11:2), but fails to mention the "626 customers [who] have requested ... a more detailed bill" (A.36 at 13:18-19) These customers, including Complainant, are receiving favorable discrimination. By favoring these customers with a more detailed bill, SWGas is violating A.R.S. section 40-334 by granting them a "preference or advantage" over almost all other customers. See, e.g., Marco Crane and Rigging v. Arizona Corporation Commission, 155 Ariz. 292, 298 (App. 1987) -- after citing A.R.S. section 40-334, the Court said that "[i]t would be discriminatory and therefore unlawful for Southern Union [Gas Company] to place Marco Crane in a better position than its other customers".) In view of this authority, SWGas must return to providing each customer with a fully itemized bill subject only to the ability of an individual customer to expressly opt-out of such a bill.

Consider the analogy of a racist restaurant owner who posted a sign excluding Black patrons, but did serve only those Blacks who complained of discrimination and demanded service. Such a policy would violate A.R.S. section 41-1442 despite the service to a few Black patrons.

BILL FORMAT MODIFICATION

Gieseking seems to argue that SWGas does not want to be bothered with inquiries from its customers (A. 32 at 11:11-18). That would appear to deny its obligation to educate its customers. See Gieseking testimony under "Customer Relations and Education" at 8:19 to 9:14.

The example of a bill from Arizona Public Service is far more complicated than a bill from SWGas ever was during my experience over the past ten years (A.33 at 11:21-24 and Exhibit EG-1). My present bills from APS have 13 lines for electricity and five more for taxes and fees. These line items include the recently added Lost Fixed Cost Recovery (LFCR)

"adjustor", an item similar in purpose to the MWA. Complainant suggests that SWGas follow the transparency exemplified by APS bills.

Complainant objects to the recent substitution of the exhibit for EG-2 based on relevancy and uniqueness. The existing EG-2 is for G-5 single-family residential gas service for standard income customers (as is Complainant's bill) for 2002, whereas the new exhibit is for G-11 multi-family gas service for low income customers in 2013 (after the 10-0458 rate case) and contains no amount due but only "APP". The proposed replacement exhibit should be stricken because it is triply irrelevant, based not only on the different service and customer income but also because it is *sui generis*.

SWGas tacitly concedes that it did not simplify its bills because of customer requests but only because of the opinions of its own customer assistance managers and the ACC Consumer Services Staff (A.34 at 12:10-27). Nowhere does Gieseking mention an actual customer request for a simplified bill.

Gieseking mentions the Staff suggestion that "the Company consider providing the option for customers to continue to receive the detailed bill" (A.34 at 12:22-23), but fails to recognize that such an (opt-in) option violates A.R.S. section 40-334. (See above at 4:7-12.)

I do not recall receiving the notice of simplification mentioned by Gieseking (A.34 at 12:25-27), but that notice (Exhibit EG-3) is silent on the MWA and says nothing about the foregoing option for a detailed bill. Again, SWGas has utterly failed to educate its customers about that option. No wonder so few of its customers have so opted! (See A.36 at 13:18-19.)

Gieseking mentions "the 2011 rate case" without stating its complete docket number (A.35 at 13:14), but I believe that should be 2010, based on the case number ending in 10-0458.

Gieseking discusses the "weather adjustment calculation" (A:38 at 14:1-10, emp. added), but Complainant never even suggested that the actual calculation be shown on a bill. He desires only that a line item for the MWA be included in all bills subject to opting-out, as discussed previously. (Complainant is requesting that all methods for calculating the MWA be described in the tariff. If that were done, then interested customers could for example learn of the data points that SWGas uses to compute a linear regression.)

<u>CONCLUSION</u>

Gieseking's testimony suggests that SWGas is ashamed of having to make ends meet by charging its customers via the MWA for therms that they never received nor burned. One can understand the difficulty of explaining to a customer why he or she is required to pay for a product or a service that was never used, but that is part of SWGas' educational responsibility. Surely SWGas can employ personnel who can satisfy that requirement.

Testimony of Robert Gray (Staff)

INTRODUCTION

No rebuttal is necessary.

RELIEF SOUGHT BY MR. GAYER

This is not relevant to Gayer's testimony and is confused by Gray's substituting a "WNA" (page 2:12-13, etc.) for the MWA used by Gayer and Gieseking.

Gray's recitation regarding the "relief sought" appears to be correct.

Gray concedes that customers of SWGas cannot calculate their bills from information in the tariff (Page 4:18-20), but he provides no remedy for that situation. He suggests only a baby step in the right direction in the form of a recommendation for an annual bill insert revealing the ability to opt-in for an itemized bill (page 8:14-16). Why not at least a monthly insert that mentions the MWA?

Gray's comments about MWAs (he calls then WNAs) used by other utilities outside of Arizona are interesting but irrelevant, since the laws of the State of Arizona, such as those cited by Complainant in his Direct Testimony and Formal Complaint, do not apply to those utilities. (Page 4:22 to 5:2.)

Gray discusses the "annual decoupling component" (page 5:9-24), but the Complaint herein does not mention that subject in any way and Complainant does not seek leave to amend in that regard. Therefore, Gray's remarks again seem to be irrelevant.

Gray's comments about "access to customer information" are confusing (page 6:12-22), since Gayer has not requested such access in any proceeding before the Commission. (He did make such a request to counsel for SWGas in a settlement discussion, but that request was denied and has been permanently withdrawn.) However, Gray's recommendation about "communicat[ing] more clearly and quickly with customers" (id., at 16-20) certainly has merit.

As with SWGas, the Commission's Staff seems to be annoyed by inquiries to its Consumer Services Section, including inquiries regarding the bills of SWGas (page 7:4-20). But Complainant submits that this Section exists in part to answer such inquiries.

Staff supports the "current simplified bill" with the option for itemization (id., at 18-19), but as with SWGas fails to address the illegality of that approach under A.R.S. section 40-334.

Gray next discusses the timing of the implementation of the simplified bill (page 7:22 to 8:8), but supports the position of SWGas with weak language. That is, "staff does not see any particular connection" in that regard (page 8:3-4, emp. added) and that "to the best of Staff's knowledge" there was no effort to mask revenue decoupling by that timing (id., at 6-8). Complainant leaves the determination of this issue to the Administrative Law Judge.

Gray writes about a "significant expression of interest in a shift back to an itemized bill" (id., at 12-13), but does not explain how a customer who has never been informed of the MWA would be moved to express such an interest. His recommendation about an annual "bill insert" (id., at 14-16) falls way short of the mark; at the very least, an option for itemization should be printed on each simplified bill that mentions the MWA (but that would still not eliminate the violation of A.R.S. section 40-334).

Regarding the source of weather data being NOAA, Gray contradicts the direct testimony of Edward Gieseking as well as his own by admitting that SWGas uses a "third party vendor" (page 9:1-10). Gray again supports SWGas against Gayer by stating that SWGas should not be required to post weather data on its website (id., at 17). Why not support transparency?

CONCLUDING PERSPECTIVES

Complainant generally agrees with the recommendations of Staff under this heading (page 9:22 to 11:19), but points out that they fall short of the mark by failing to correct the illegalities inherent in the methods used by SWGas to calculate the MWA. In addition, he points out that he has never alleged that SWGas has actually miscalculated its bills (although it is using illegal methods to calculate them), but he does assert in his direct testimony (page 2.22 to 5:1) and repeats here that he had been misled over and over again by representatives of SWGas regarding the calculation of the MWA.

SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

No rebuttal is necessary, since the points made here have already been covered.

COMPLAINANT'S OVERALL CONCLUSIONS

Complainant desires to emphasize two or three points.

Both SWGas (Gieseking A.32 at 11:14-16) and Staff (Gray at 7:16-20) argue that a simplified bill should be continued in order to avoid customer calls to SWGas or the Commission. Both recite customer confusion but fail to recognize that it is the obligation of at least SWGas to reduce confusion through education. On education, see Order No. 72723 in Docket No. 10-0458.

Neither Gieseking nor Gray discusses the fact that SWG's failure to show the Monthly Weather Adjustment Charge on all residential bills violates Rule 14-2-310(B)(2)(j) of the Arizona Administrative Code on minimum information requirements for such bills ("Adjustment factor, where applicable"). Note that the original and proper Exhibit EG-2 contains a line for "Mo Gas Cost Adj", which is clearly an adjustment like the MWA that falls within the meaning of the foregoing rule. The original EG-2 should be retained.

It is important to note that the MWA never appeared on any bill by default or by an act of SWGas unless a customer expressly requested an itemized bill after the MWA became effective. One might be able to appreciate the arguments about confusion if the foregoing sequence had

1	been reversed, but that is not the case. The actual sequence of events shows that the MWA
2	could not possibly have ever caused any confusion. Complainant urges the Commission to put
3	an end to a business practice that attempts to reduce the alleged confusion of customers by
4	hiding relevant information from them, which information Complainant contends is required by
5	law to appear on customers' bills. SWGas has conceded that simplifying its bills "wasn't
6	necessarily a cost savings measure". Statement of Jason Wilcock during proceedings of 4
7	March 2014 (Transcript p. 5:23-24; see also at p. 8:15-16 (question from ACALJ Nodes).
8	
9	Dated: 2014 Respectfully submitted by,
10	$D: A \cap C$
11	Uchard Jayer
12	RICHARD GAYER, Complainant 526 West Wilshire Drive
13	Phoenix, AZ 85003 602-229-8954
14	rgayer@cox.net
15	
16	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY ELECTRONIC MAIL
17	On 2 June 2014, I served a copy of this document via electronic mail on Respondent's
18	attorney, Jason Wilcock, addressed to jason.wilcock@swgas.com.
19	On the same date, a served another copy via electronic mail on Robert Gray of the
20	Commission's Staff, addressed to <u>BGray@azcc.gov</u> .
21	I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Arizona that the foregoing
22	is true and correct.
23	Executed on 2 June 2014 Reliand Gayon
24	at Phoenix, Arizona RICHARD GAYER, Complainant
25	
26	
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ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER ACC-GAYER-01 (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-004

When at any and all times subsequent to 1 January 2010 did SWGas "simplify" its customers' bills (by reducing the number of line items on those bills)?

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

Prior to April 2005, the Southwest Gas bill format was very similar to the current bill format. However, in April 2005 Southwest Gas implemented a more detailed bill format. Southwest Gas began using the current bill format as the default format in March 2011.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER **ACC-GAYER-01** (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-005

State all reasons that SWGas simplified its customer's bills?

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

Prior to the most recent change in bill format, Southwest Gas' bill presented detailed calculations of rates, including separate lines for 1) Delivery Charge, 2) Rate Adjustment, 3) Department of Transportation (DOT) Safety Surcharge, 4) Monthly Gas Cost, 5) Basic Service Charge and 6) Applicable Revenue Taxes. Additional lines were displayed for usage differentiated (i.e. blocked) rate designs and for rate pro-rations when usage blocks and/or rates changed within a customer's billing period. In many cases, customers received multiple page bills. Displaying this level of detail often resulted in customer confusion and complaints. Southwest Gas undertook a review of its bill presentation compared to other utility bill presentations and concluded that its bill was more complicated than necessary and harder to understand compared with other utilities.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER **ACC-GAYER-01** (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-006

Before SWGas simplified its customers' bills, did it receive any requests from its customers to do so? If so, then how many such requests did it receive?

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

See response to ACC-GAYER-01-005 for a discussion of why Southwest Gas adopted its current bill format. The Company did not maintain records of comments from its customers pertaining to the bill format.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER ACC-GAYER-01 (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-009

In simplifying its customers' bills, what line items were deleted?

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

When the bill format was modified, the Delivery Charge, Rate Adjustment and Monthly Gas Cost were combined into a single line item titled Usage Charges. When the monthly weather adjustment was approved, it was included in the Usage Charges line item.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER ACC-GAYER-01 (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-010

State all reasons that the foregoing line items were deleted. If potential customer confusion was a reason, then please explain in detail how the inclusion of the deleted items might confuse a customer.

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

Southwest Gas' customer assistance managers and the Commission's Consumer Services Staff both supported the consolidation of line items referenced in response to ACC-GAYER-01-009 based on their customer interactions and knowledge that the previous bill format and its multiple rate and usage block pro-rations contributed to customer confusion.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER **ACC-GAYER-01** (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-011

In the period between 1 January 2011 and 1 January 2013, did any customer of SWGas contact SWGas regarding the deletion of line items from its bills after they had been deleted (so that the customers were then receiving "simplified" bills)? If so, then how many such contacts did SWGas receive and when was each one received?

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

Since the implementation of its current bill format in March 2011, Southwest Gas has processed 626 requests from customers to receive a more detailed bill format. This represents 0.06 percent of the Company's total Arizona customer base.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER ACC-GAYER-01 (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-012

If any of the customers of SWGas mentioned in Request No. 1.11 did contact SWGas, please identify all relevant writings, recordings and photographs as defined in A.R.E. section 1001.

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

Southwest Gas does not maintain the requested records.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER ACC-GAYER-01 (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-016

At any time after 1 January 2010, has SWGas ever conducted a survey of its customers regarding their desires for a fully itemized bill? If so, then please state the date(s) of that survey, describe it in detail, and set forth the statistical results thereof. In addition, identify all relevant writings, recordings and photographs as defined in A.R.E. section 1001.

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

Southwest Gas has not conducted a formal survey of its customers regarding their desires for a fully itemized bill.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION
MR. RICHARD GAYER
ACC-GAYER-01
(ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-018

State all reasons that SWGas is **not** willing to send every customer a fully itemized bill (subject only to a given customer's option to request and obtain a "simplified" bill, as defined in Request No. 1.4, above)?

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

In the Company's experience, the simplified bill better serves the majority of its customers' needs and desires. As mentioned in response to ACC-GAYER-01-11, only 626 customers or 0.06 percent of our customers have expressed a preference for an itemized bill. Overall, the simplified bill results in less customer confusion and fewer questions and complaints compared to the more detailed bill. However, the detailed bill is available for customers who desire that option.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER ACC-GAYER-01 (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-022

Identify by company name, geographical location and internet address (if any) the source(s) of the data used by SWGas for actual Heating Degree Days ("HDDs") that are used to calculate the MWAs for customers in each region or other area (e.g., city, county, etc.) served by SWGas in Arizona. If each such source is not the National Weather Service. then why not?

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

Southwest Gas uses the following National Weather Service reporting stations to obtain actual heating degree day information used to calculate the monthly weather adjustment for customers in various cities in the Company's Arizona service territory:

Reporting Station
KCGZ
KSAD
KIFP
KTUS
KPHX
KGBN
KGLB
KFHU
KYUM
KDVT

Although weather data used in the calculation of the weather adjustment is derived from National Weather Service/NOAA reporting stations, and is available from the NOAA website free of charge, there may be a delay between the weather day and when the data is posted to the website. Because the monthly weather adjustment is a real-time customer specific calculation. Southwest Gas must have each day's actual weather data available the following day for billing purposes. Therefore, Southwest Gas utilizes a weather vendor Telvent.dtn to obtain all necessary daily actual weather data.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER ACC-GAYER-01 (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-023

Is SWGas willing to publish on its website the data it uses for "normal" HDDs? If not, then why not?

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

Yes. However, it is not recommended. To date, only Mr. Gayer (i.e. one customer out of approximately 1,022,200 Arizona customers the Company serves) has expressed interest in obtaining the normal HDDs used by Southwest Gas to calculate its rates and the monthly weather adjustment. Unless additional demand develops for this information, it is more efficient to provide the information on a case by case basis, as the Company has done with Mr. Gayer.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER ACC-GAYER-01 (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-024

Is SWGas willing to publish on its website the data it uses for "actual" HDDs? If not, then why not?

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

Yes. However, it is not recommended. Southwest Gas is committed to providing safe and reliable service at the best cost. This requires an efficient operation which balances the cost of performing an activity with the associated benefit. Posting the actual HDDs used to calculate customers' monthly weather adjustment would require associated programming and maintenance costs which would put upward pressure on rates for all customers. Given that only one customer to date has expressed interest in having access to the actual HDDs used to calculate the monthly weather adjustment, absent direction from the Commission the Company cannot justify the additional costs associated with posting the information. At this time, it is the Company's opinion that it is more cost effective to provide this information to customers on a case by case basis, as the Company has done with Mr. Gayer.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER ACC-GAYER-01 (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-025

What if anything has SWGas done to educate its customers about decoupling in general and the MWA in particular? Please identify all relevant writings, recordings and photographs as defined in A.R.E. section 1001 regarding any such education.

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

In making a judgment regarding how best to inform its customers about decoupling and the weather adjustment component of decoupling, Southwest Gas considered the consequence of providing information that could cause unnecessary customer confusion resulting in dissatisfaction with the Company's efforts.

Taking this into consideration, Southwest Gas determined the most efficient means of outreach and direct communication with customers regarding weather normalization was through its website www.swgas.com. Through the website, the Company provided information about its decoupling mechanism (which included weather normalization). Also, the attached document, Southwest Gas Proposed Settlement Agreement Overview, was posted on the website during the conclusion of Southwest Gas' rate case when decoupling was implemented.

Additionally, the Company provided training to its customer assistance representatives to prepare them for questions related to decoupling, including the weather adjustment mechanism. Please refer to the attached document titled, *Customer Assistance Online Help*, for an example of materials prepared for the Company's customer service personnel. The Company also developed a process for customer service representatives to refer technical questions regarding the weather adjustment to senior personnel and ultimately to a subject matter expert in the Company's Pricing and Tariffs department.

This process enabled Southwest Gas to minimize its decoupling implementation costs and maximize efficiency by providing customers who had technical questions the "hands-on" service and personal attention of its Pricing and Tariffs department personnel. The success of the Company's approach can be measured by the fact that the number of customer assistance calls was actually lower following the most recent general rate case than after the previous case.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER ACC-GAYER-01 (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-027

Is the MWA an "adjustment" within the meaning of Rule 14-2-310(B)(2)(j) of the Arizona Administrative Code? If not, then why not?

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

No. The term "adjustment factor" as used in ACC 14-2-310 B.2.j means a factor applied to customer meter recordings to adjust for differences in pressure due to elevation. (See ACC 14-2-310 H.)

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION MR. RICHARD GAYER ACC-GAYER-01 (ACC-GAYER-01-001 THROUGH ACC-GAYER-01-033)

DOCKET NO:

G-01551A-13-0327

COMMISSION:

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

DATE OF REQUEST:

05/19/2014

REQUEST NO:

ACC-GAYER-01-032

Before or at any time after applying an MWA of zero therms to a customer's bill because there were zero HDDs in the applicable billing cycle, did SWGas discuss or otherwise communicate about this matter with any Commissioner or person on the staff of the AzCC? If so, then please identify each such person as required by Request No. 1.1, above, provide the date(s) and a summary of each such discussion or communication, and identify all relevant writings, recordings and photographs as defined in A.R.E. section 1001.

RESPONDENT: Pricing and Tariffs

RESPONSE:

The implementation of this process step is necessary to address a division by zero error in the weather calculation when there are zero actual HDDs in the applicable billing cycle. Southwest Gas has not previously had any communications with any persons at the ACC regarding this process step.

Marco Crane and Rigging v. Arizona Corp. Com'n, 746 P.2d 33, 155 Ariz. 292 (Ariz.App.Div.2 11/10/1987)

Page 33

746 P.2d 33 (Ariz.App. Div. 2 1987)

13-0327

1987.AZ.40072< http://www.versuslaw.com>

155 Ariz. 292

MARCO CRANE AND RIGGING, dba Diamond T Trailer Park, Plaintiff/Appellant,

v.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION, Defendant/Appellee,

and

Southern Union Gas Company, Intervenor/Defendant/Appellee.

No. 2 CA-CV 87-0232.



November 10, 1987

Snell & Wilmer by Daniel J. McAuliffe and Eileen J. Moore, Phoenix, for plaintiff/appellant.

Arizona Corporation Com'n by Janice M. Urbanic, Phoenix, for defendant/appellee.

Evans, Kitchel & Jenckes, P.C. by Lex J. Smith and Robert J. Itkin, Phoenix, for intervenor/defendant/appellee.

OPINION

HOWARD, Presiding Judge.

This is an appeal from the granting of a summary judgment. Appellant Marco Crane and Rigging (Marco Crane) is the owner of a trailer park in Coconino County known as the Diamond T Trailer Park. This park is located in the service territory certified to Southern Union Gas Company (Southern Union). The issue in this case is whether Southern Union is required to pay for the replacement of deteriorated gas pipes located in the trailer park. The answer is no.

Page 34

[155 Ariz. 293] The facts in this case are undisputed. The trailer park contains approximately 50 trailer spaces which are rented to tenants. Prior to March 31, 1981, Southern Union provided natural gas service to the trailer park to a point of delivery on the perimeter of Marco Crane's property. The tenants of the Diamond T Trailer Park received gas service from the point of delivery to the point of consumption through gas pipes which were owned and operated by Marco Crane and located on and within its private trailer park property.

Southern Union provided gas utility service to Marco Crane as the consumer of record through a master meter located on Marco Crane's Diamond T property. Marco Crane was billed directly for all gas consumed by the trailer park tenants and had sole and complete responsibility, as a consumer of record, for the payment for gas



service rendered to the trailer park during this time. None of the individual trailer park tenants had accounts with Southern Union for service during this time. Marco Crane billed the Diamond T residents directly for gas service on a pro rata basis; it did not pass along to its tenants any of the costs associated with the ownership, operation or administration of its gas distribution system.

On April 1, 1981, a train derailment involving a number of propane tank cars occurred in an area immediately adjacent to the trailer park. Gas leaks were discovered in the trailer park's privately owned gas pipes within the park, and Southern Union temporarily disconnected service in order to avoid an explosion. After this emergency ended, Southern Union was unable to restore gas service because numerous leaks made continued gas service hazardous. This gas service was authorized by Southern Union's tariffs.

Marco Crane hired an outside plumbing concern to repair its gas pipes within the trailer park, which determined that the piping was beyond repair. Marco Crane decided to replace the trailer park gas service lines and requested Southern Union's assistance. The lines were replaced and individual meters were installed on the Diamond T property. Southern Union sent Marco Crane a bill for the labor and material it expended in replacing Marco Crane's trailer park gas lines. When Marco Crane refused to pay, Southern Union filed a complaint in the Coconino County Superior Court. Marco Crane filed a complaint with the Corporation Commission against Southern Union praying for a declaration that Southern Union was obligated to replace the privately owned natural gas lines and related facilities of Diamond T at Southern Union's own expense. The superior court action was stayed pending a determination by the Corporation Commission. After a public hearing and after all the issues had been briefed and argued, the commission received a recommended opinion and order from the chief hearing officer, finding that Southern Union was not required to install the gas lines in question at its own expense and that Southern Union's tariffs permitted it to require and obtain reimbursement from Marco Crane for services provided in installing any replacement gas lines. Thereafter, the commission considered the hearing officer's recommended opinion and order and rendered its own decision determining that (1) Southern Union's lawfully approved tariffs did not require Southern Union to replace at its own expense and/or thereafter operate yard lines located entirely on the property of another, and (2) the charges assessed by Southern Union for services provided to Marco Crane in connection with the replacement of said yard lines were not prohibited by any provision of Southern Union's tariffs and were specifically authorized by section 12 of the tariffs.

Marco Crane then filed a complaint in the Maricopa County Superior Court seeking review of the commission's decision and moved for summary judgment against the commission and Southern Union. Southern Union and the commission each filed cross-motions for summary judgment against Marco Crane, which the trial court granted.

Before discussing the substantive issues involved in this case, it is worthwhile to note the burden of proof which Marco Crane must sustain in order to prevail.

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[155 Ariz. 294] This burden is set forth in A.R.S. § 40-254(E) which provides:

"In all trials, actions and proceedings the burden of proof shall be upon the party adverse to the commission or seeking to vacate or set aside any determination or order of the commission to show by clear and satisfactory evidence that it is unreasonable or unlawful."

Not only is there a higher burden of proof in these cases, but there is also a judicial deference to the expertise of the commission. Interpretation of technical terms and provisions in public utilities rate schedules is peculiarly within the realm of the commission's expertise, and the courts will sustain the commission's ruling on the meaning of such technical rate schedules where the decision is based upon reasonable interpretation of the instrument. *Utah-Idaho Sugar Company v. Intermountain Gas Company*, 100 Idaho 368, 597 P.2d 1058 (1979).

The superior court affirmed the decision of the Corporation Commission. The scope of appellate review in these cases is as set forth in *Tucson Electric Power Company v. Arizona Corporation Commission*, 132 Ariz. 240,

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244, 645 P.2d 231, 235 (1982):

"It should be noted that an appellate court reviews the Superior Court's decision and not the Commission's, and a Superior Court's ruling on the Commission's decision will be upheld if supported by reasonable evidence. [citation omitted] If the Superior Court has disturbed the Commission's findings, an appellate court will examine the Superior Court's contrary conclusions to see if they are supported by clear and satisfactory evidence. A.R.S. § 40-254(E)."

Marco Crane argued below and argues on appeal that Southern Union's tariffs sections 4, 5, 12 and 16 require Southern Union to pay for the pipelines replaced by Southern Union at Marco Crane's request. Section 4 provides:

"The point of delivery for all gas delivered to any consumer shall be at the point of interconnection between the facilities of the Company and those of such consumer. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Company such interconnection shall be located at the point on the consumer's property line most accessible to the Company's distribution system or requiring the shortest extension of the Company's existing distribution mains." (Emphasis supplied.)

Under section 4 the point of delivery is deemed to be located at the customer's property line most accessible to existing Southern Union facilities, unless a different point is designated in writing by both Southern Union and the customer. No such alternative designation was made in this case and, therefore, Marco Crane's property line is the "point of delivery." As the commission noted in its decision:

"Diamond T has also attempted to avoid the application of Sections 4, 5, and 12, by arguing that the individual tenants must be considered as customers for purposes of determining the relative responsibilities of the parties, rather than Diamond T. We agree with Southern Union that financial responsibility is ordinarily fixed by the relation of the parties at the time the disputed expenditure is incurred and not by some sort of ex post facto reconstitution of that relationship."

The position taken by the commission is a reasonable and logical conclusion. The financial responsibility between the parties must be fixed by the relation of the parties at the time the disputed expenditure is incurred. The replacement was done by Marco Crane's request, and at the time of the request Marco Crane was the consumer.

The commission found that, as between Southern Union and the property owner, the responsibility for facilities beyond the point of delivery, that is, the Marco Crane property line, is with the property owner. It based this upon sections 12(a) and (b) of the tariff, which provide:

"(a) When the meter is located on the consumer's property line, the Company at its own expense, shall make the necessary connection at the point of delivery between its facilities and those of the consumer, and shall furnish and install

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[155 Ariz. 295] the service cock, any necessary regulator, the meter and the upstream side of the meter loop. The consumer, at his own expense, shall furnish and install all other pipe, fittings and connections between the point of delivery and the place of consumption.

(b) When the meter is located other than on the consumer's property line, the Company shall furnish and install the meter, and shall also furnish the service cock and any necessary regulator, but the Company may require the consumer, at his own cost and expense, to install said service cock and regulator (which shall remain the property of the Company), to furnish and install both sides of the meter loop and to make all other connections (except at the meter) between his facilities and those of the Company. In any event, in such situations the service line between the point of delivery and the meter shall either be furnished and installed by the consumer or, if the

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Company so elects, such service line may be furnished and installed by the Company and the consumer required to reimburse the Company in advance for the estimated cost thereof." (Emphases supplied.)

We believe that the commission was correct. Under section 12(a) and (b) the company is required to furnish and install a meter, service cock and regulator. The cost of installing service lines downstream from the point of delivery, the Diamond T property line, is clearly the responsibility of the consumer, Marco Crane.

Marco Crane argues that section 12(a) does not apply because section 12(e) specifically applies to mobile homes. Section 12(e) provides:

* * *

* * *

"The Company may decline service to mobile residences or portable or other temporary structures if the conditions do not, in its opinion, afford adequate protection for the occupant(s) thereof, or the persons or property of others. If service is rendered, the occupant(s) may be charged a non-refundable connect charge of \$25 (as a contribution in aid of construction) payable in advance to defray a portion of the Company's cost in constructing or renewing a service line from its main to a connection with the consumer's yard line." (Emphasis supplied.)

We do not agree with Marco Crane's contention. Section 12(e) does not apply to replacement of a service line upon request by the customer, but only to the installation of service lines to new mobile home residents upon original application.

Marco Crane asserts that section 5 of the tariffs makes Southern Union responsible for the costs of installation of the replacement service line. We do not agree. Section 5 states:

"(a) The Company shall be responsible for the safe conduct and handling of the gas until it passes the point of delivery specified in Section 4 of these regulations ... [and] for the safe installation of its meter, service cock, regulator and related fittings, and shall be responsible for the safe maintenance of all property of the Company installed either by the Company or by the consumer downstream of the point of delivery....

[T]he entire responsibility for the safe conduct, handling and utilization of the gas after it passes the point of delivery shall be that of the consumer.

(b) Although the Company assumes no responsibility for the safe upkeep or operating conditions of any consumer's service line downstream of the point of delivery, ... the Company may refuse to turn on the gas to any consumer's premises until all the consumer's pipes and appliances have been tested and found to be ... safe and free from leaks and in good, safe, operating condition...." (Emphasis supplied.)

Section 5 stands for the basic principle that the private property owner must maintain its private property, and the utility company is responsible for company property.

The weakness of Marco Crane's arguments is reflected in the following exchange between the commission's hearing officer and Marco Crane's president, Daniel Mardian:

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[155 Ariz. 296] "Q. Mr. Mardian, I just have two questions here. Other than the fact that the system operates within the trailer park, which I think has been marked Complainant's Exhibit No. 1, other than the fact that it is now a new system rather than the system that was installed when you first bought the trailer park, how was your position under the company's interpretation any different than it was prior to this whole dispute arising?

- A. One, there are individual meters that the people all paid deposits (sic) and pay directly instead of paying to the trailer park, and two, I never liked the idea. I don't know anything about the gas lines. It scares me. We didn't want any of that.
- Q. But that was the same situation. The latter one, whether one likes it or not, the responsibility of having to deal with gas equipment yourself, that was something that you had when you first bought the property.

A. Yes.

- Q. I understand that you would like to get rid of that responsibility, but that has not changed under the company's interpretation of the situation, so the remaining difference would be that, rather than the customer paying you and you paying Southern Union, they pay Southern Union direct. Correct?
- A. That's correct, they pay Southern Union directly. They don't pay Diamond T. They used to pay Diamond T."

Marco Crane contends that section 16(b) of the tariff mandates that Southern Union pay the cost of installing new lines because the applicants were the Diamond T residents and the company had the responsibility to install necessary facilities to provide gas to applicants for service. We do not agree. Section 16(b) states:

"(b) ... After receipt of the application [for service] the Company shall determine the extent of the facilities required to provide the service, the estimated cost of such facilities and the number of potential customers ... if a list of potential customers is furnished by the initial applicant. The design and resultant cost of facilities shall be based on the delivery of gas in the required volumes from the nearest adequate source in accordance with the Company's standard engineering and construction practices and shall include mains.... Individual service lines and customer metering and regulating equipment shall not be included." (Emphasis supplied.)

Subsection (b) specifically excludes the individual service lines (yard lines) that are involved in this dispute. Furthermore, as observed by the commission's decision, 16(b) would make no sense whatsoever if it were to be applied to a mere reconfiguration of existing customer service. It is designed to protect Southern Union customers from uneconomic extensions of gas service which would otherwise require significant cost subsidies from established operations. In effect, section 16 expresses the commission-approved policy that without the likelihood of additional customers, there would be no economic reason to extend the company's mains.

Marco Crane also asserts the applicability of section 16(c) and (d) of the tariff. Upon reading these sections it is clear that they apply only to new customers.

Marco Crane's next attack on the tariffs is that they are ambiguous and must be strictly construed against Southern Union. We do not agree. Marco Crane's argument here is reminiscent of the argument made by the pipeline in *Southern Pacific Pipe Lines, Inc. v. U.S. Department of Transportation,* 796 F.2d 539 (D.C.Cir.1986). There the Court stated at 542:

"Recognizing that its suggested construction strains the Act's language, petitioner describes the statute as ambiguous and urges us to seek guidance from the legislative history. In effect, petitioner is making a classic bootstrap argument by advancing a construction of the Act that renders it confusing and then using that confusion to justify avoiding the plain meaning axiom. We need not decide whether recourse to the legislative history is required here--whether the plain meaning rule applies--because even after examining that history we believe

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[155 Ariz. 297] the agency's construction is reasonable."

In 1982 the commission adopted A.C.R.R. R14-2-305, which requires all new construction and/or extension of existing mobile home parks to be served with individual meters and not master meters. Marco Crane contends

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that if Southern Union's tariffs are interpreted to require Marco Crane to pay for the new gas facilities at Diamond T, the result would be a total frustration of the policy adopted by the commission to avoid the use of master meters. In addition, Marco Crane argues that it is unjust to require it to pay for the replacement of its deteriorated, privately-owned gas pipes when it is not receiving any revenue whatsoever in connection with the use of such facilities. We do not agree with these contentions. Marco Crane skips over the fact that this dispute arose a year before the master meter regulation was adopted. The replacement of Diamond T's service pipe lines did not involve the construction of a new mobile home park. The rule would only apply if it were an expansion of an existing mobile home park. Expansion is defined and limited to construction which has been started for additional permanent residents' spaces after the effective date of the rule. The effective date of the rule was March 2, 1982, nearly a year after the replacement of Diamond T's pipes. In addition, in the Diamond T situation, the replacement of existing pipes to serve existing trailer spaces was not construction for additional spaces. Moreover, the commission fully considered requiring conversion of existing master meter trailer parks when it drafted A.C.R.R. R14-2-305. Such a conversion policy was specifically rejected by the commission as being too expensive and inequitable.

Marco Crane launches a constitutional attack against the tariffs contending that if they are read to require it to pay for its replaced lines, the tariffs are discriminatory because existing customers are required to pay for replacement whereas new additional customers are not required to pay for installed lines. Marco Crane also contends that the construction given to the tariffs by the commission constitutes a taking of its property without payment or just compensation because "if Southern Union's tariffs are read to require Marco to pay for and own the new facilities, the Commission and superior court would, in effect, be requiring Marco to devote its property to a use for profit by Southern Union, but without any compensation to Marco." We find these arguments to be totally devoid of any merit.

The Arizona Constitution forbids discrimination by public utilities in rates, service, or facilities. Ariz. Const. Art. 15, § 12. A.R.S. § 40-334 states:

- "A. A public service corporation shall not, as to rates, charges, service, facilities or in any other respect, make or grant any preference or advantage to any person or subject any person to any prejudice or disadvantage.
- B. No public service corporation shall establish or maintain any unreasonable difference as to rates, charges, service, facilities or in any other respect, either between localities or between classes of service.
- C. The commission may determine any question of fact arising under this section."

A public service corporation must treat all similarly situated customers alike. It cannot extend a privilege to one and refuse the same privilege to another. *People ex rel. Western Union Telegraph Co. v. Public Service Commission*, 230 N.Y. 95, 129 N.E. 220 (1920).

In Town of Wickenburg v. Sabin, 68 Ariz. 75, 200 P.2d 342 (1948), the court stated:

"A public service corporation is impressed with the obligation of furnishing its service to each patron at the same price it makes to every other patron for the same or substantially the same or similar service. It 'must be equal in its dealings with all.' It 'must treat the members of the general public alike.' ... There must be equality of rights to all and special privileges to none." (At 77, 200 P.2d at 343, citing McQuillin Municipal

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[155 Ariz. 298] Corporations, 2d Ed. Vol. 4, Section 1829.)

It would be discriminatory and therefore unlawful for Southern Union to place Marco Crane in a better position than its other customers. This is precisely what Marco Crane wants when it argues it is entitled to a windfall by free replacement of its own deteriorated gas lines. Marco Crane's discrimination argument fades into the mist out of which it was conceived when it is remembered that if the system could have been repaired, Marco Crane

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clearly would have had to pay for the repairs.

The New Jersey Board of Public Utility Commissions dealt with a similar issue and found that the discriminatory allegations were baseless and contrary to public policy. In Superior Propane Co. v. South Jersey Gas Company, 60 P.U.R.3d 217 (N.J.1965), the petitioner had claimed that the new tariff charges were discriminatory because new customers did not have to pay for installation of gas lines while the existing customers had paid for pipe installation beyond 50 feet. The commission ruled that to adopt petitioner's theory would in effect freeze all such tariff provisions. To thwart a public utility from liberalizing the conditions under which utility service can be supplied to new customers is adverse to public interest.

Marco Crane argues that making it pay for the new lines and giving it ownership of such new lines constitutes a taking because it gets no value from such lines, whereas Southern Union derives revenues from the gas flowing through the lines to the trailer pads. We do not agree. Marco Crane has received a benefit from the replacement of its leaky, deteriorating and privately-owned gas pipes. Such a capital investment increases the value of the trailer park. Furthermore, one can assume that a prudent trailer park owner would recoup such capital expenditures through rents for the use of the trailer spaces.

Marco Crane did not bear its burden of proof in the trial court. More than that, Marco Crane's position, on its face, makes no sense.

Affirmed.

LACAGNINA, C.J., and LIVERMORE, J., concur.

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Jan 2011 13-0327

NOTICE TO SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION (SWG) ARIZONA CUSTOMERS

CUSTOMER QUESTIONS OR ASSISTANCE NEEDED? Visit www.swgas.com and create a MyAccount to view, manage, and customize your gas account online, or call our local toll-free number (llamada gratis) at 1-877-860-6020 for billing questions.

Basic Service Charge and Delivery Charge - These charges recover the costs of operating the natural gas distribution system.

Billing Factor - The billing factor is used to convert the metered volume of gas into units of heat energy which are called therms. SWG bills customers on a per therm basis for the amount of energy contained in the gas delivered. The current reading minus the previous reading, times the billing factor, equals the number of therms you have used in the current billing period.

Customer-Owned Gas Piping - Customers may have underground gas piping that is not maintained by SWG. (Reference Federal Regulation, 49 CFR Part 192.16, related to customer notification for customer-owned gas piping.) This piping is typically located between the gas meter and a building or outdoor appliance. Buried steel gas lines are subject to the effects of corrosion if they are not maintained, which could result in leakage. To ensure gas piping safety and longevity, it is important that gas piping be periodically monitored to identify these potential problems before they become hazardous. Qualified plumbing and heating contractors can assist in locating, inspecting and repairing customer-owned buried piping. Any problems identified must be repaired immediately. For assistance in reviewing your underground gas piping repair, relocation, replacement and maintenance options, call SWG, Energy Services toll-free at 1-800-654-2765. Remember when excavating near buried gas piping, the piping should be located in advance and excavation done by hand.

Deposits - If you are an existing customer, your deposit will be credited to your account, with any applicable interest, after continuous service and timely payment of bills in accordance with SWG commission approved rules. If your service has been discontinued, either at your request or by SWG, your deposit, plus any applicable interest, will be refunded to you, less the amount of any unpaid bills.

Disconnection of Service at Customer Request - Please call SWG at least five (5) working days in advance of the date you wish to have service disconnected. If SWG is not notified, service will continue to be billed to the customer of record.

DOT Safety Surcharge - This charge recovers the cost of government mandated pipeline safety programs.

Electronic Check Conversion - When a check is provided as payment, SWG is authorized to either use information from the check to make a one-time electronic funds transfer from the account or to process the payment as a check transaction.

Emergency Service - In case of an emergency or if you smell natural gas, call SWG: Phoenix/Central Arizona 1-800-528-4277, Tucson/Southern Arizona 1-800-722-4277, Bullhead City, Parker, and Ehrenberg 1-800-447-5422, or dial 911.

Low Income Residential Discount - Provides a 20 percent discount to income-qualified customers. This is applied to the first 150 therms of natural gas used each month from November 1 through April 30.

Monthly Gas Cost - This charge recovers the cost of natural gas purchased by SWG on behalf of its customers.

Notice to Employers - Request a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for natural gas by calling Energy Services at 1-800-654-2765 or visiting www.swgas.com/emergencysafety. Please ensure your employees know how to obtain MSDS information.

Past Due Date/Late Pay Charge - The monthly bill is due and payable upon presentation and becomes past due if not paid by the "Past Due After" date on the bill. A late pay charge may be added to any past due amount.

Rate Adjustment - Includes costs for Low Income Ratepayers Assistance (LIRA) program, Demand Side Management (DSM) energy efficient programs and Research and Development (R&D) for gas research.

Rates and Other Information - The Rules and Rate Schedules of SWG are available at your nearest SWG Customer Business Office or by going online at www.swgas.com. The address and telephone number of the office that serves you are printed on the front of this bill (top).

Right of Access and Bill Estimation - SWG will have the right of access to your premises for any purpose normally connected with the furnishing of natural gas service(s). If SWG is unable to read a meter on the scheduled date because of circumstances beyond its control, SWG will calculate the bill based upon estimated usage for that billing period.

Service Establishment and Reestablishment Charge - For each establishment of service there is a charge which appears on the first bill following the establishment of service. This charge partially covers the costs incurred to set up the service and create the account in the Southwest Gas billing system. Whenever gas service is turned off because of nonpayment, the delinquent bill, plus a reestablishment charge, must be paid and credit reestablished before service will be restored.

Special Services - Every effort will be made to ensure uninterrupted service to residential customers who notify SWG about permanent residents in their household who are seriously ill, disabled, or elderly. Also, in an effort to avoid service being turned off; any residential customer may elect to designate a third party (agency or individual) to receive a copy of all Disconnect Notices.

Should you believe you have been billed incorrectly, please contact SWG at our toll-free number (llamada gratis) 1-877-860-6020. If you thereafter wish to dispute this bill, you should pay the undisputed portion of the bill and notify SWG that the amount unpaid is in dispute. Service will be continued pending investigation by SWG. Upon notification by SWG of its investigation results, you may pay the amount due within five (5) working days to prevent discontinuance of service. If the dispute is not resolved, you should submit a written statement of the facts of the dispute to the Arizona Corporation Commission at 1200 West Washington Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85007 (602) 542-4251 or toll-free 1-800-222-7000, or 400 West Congress Street, Suite 218, Tucson, Arizona 85701 (520) 628-6550 or toll-free 1-800-535-0148.





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RICHARD GAYER 526 W WILSHIRE DR PHOENIX AZ 85003-1029

Service Address: 526 W WILSHIRE DR

85003

Rate Schedule: 010/G-5

RESIDENTIAL GAS SERVICE

Your Local Office Is 2200 N CENTRAL, STE 101, PHOENIX AZ 85004

ACCOUNT NUMBER CYCLE **DATE MAILED** PAST DUE AFTER PLEASE PAY AMOUNT DUE 421-0680400-022 03/28/11 20 03/08/11 \$105.30 PREVIOUS BILLING: Previous Balance Payment(s) Since Last Bill - Thank You 122:45 123:00CR Balance Forward CURRENT BILLING: 30 Days
Meter Reading: Current Previous
Mar 04 Feb. 02
105 - 32 = 72 Therms X Total Therms X .570700 = .064750 = DOT Safety Surcharge Total Therms X Total DOT Safety Surcharge .000750 X_26/30 Days Monthly Gas Cost Basic Service Charge Applicable Revenue Taxes Total Therms X .651880 = Current Bill wells 2922 149 AM 2011? \$106.00

*** Sign up for paperless billing at www.swgas.com ***

Due on or before: 03/28/11

Amount due:

\$105.30

Important Messages:

Your next meter read date is: Apr. 04, 2011

VISIT US AT WWW.SWGAS.COM TO CREATE A MYACCOUNT AND SIGN UP FOR PAPERLESS BILLING. YOU CAN VIEW AND MANAGE YOUR ACCOUNT ONLINE AND MAKE SECURE ONLINE PAYMENTS FROM THE CONVENIENCE OF YOUR HOME OR OFFICE.

Gas Usage History Information: This Month Last Month 29 2.86 56 Last Year 56 1.87 58

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SOUTHWEST GRS CORPORATION



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RICHARD GAYER 526 W WILSHIRE DR

PHOENIX AZ 85003-1029

ACCOUNT NUMBER CYCLE DATE MAILED

85003

PAST DUE AFTER PLEASE PAY AMOUNT DUE

Service Address: 526 W WILSHIRE DR Rate Schedule: 010/G-5

RESIDENTIAL GAS SERVICE

Your Local Office Is 2200 N CENTRAL, STE 101, PHOENIX AZ 85004

421-0680400-022

04/07/11

04/26/11

\$38.56

Covero March PREVIOUS BILLING:
Previous Balance
Payment(s) Since Last Bill - Thank You

105.30 106.00CR

Balance Forward

\$0.70CR

CURRENT BILLING: 32 Days
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Apr 05 Har 05 = 105 =

Billing Total Factor Therms 21 X .9846 = 21

Usage Charges Basic Service Charge DOT Safety Surcharge Applicable Revenue Taxes

Current Bill

Wells 2936 15 Apr 2011 \$40.00

*** Sign up for paperless billing at www.swgas.com ***

Due on or before: 04/26/11

Amount due:

\$38.56

MAMJJASONDJFM 10 Months 11

Important Messages:

Your next meter read date is: May 03, 2011

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WWW.SWGAS.COM AND REDUCE THE PAPER CLUTTER.

12

Gas Usage Hi	story Inf	ormation:	_Ayg	Ayg_	S
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SOUTHWEST GRS CORPORATION

13-0327

Customer Assistance Asistencia al Cliente Toll Free/Llamada Gratis 1-877-860-6020

210105120252710101010000010 PO Box 98890

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RICHARD GAYER 526 W WILSHIRE DR PHOENIX AZ 85003-1029

Las Vegas NV 89193-8890

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YOUR BUDGET. THE PLAN EQUALIZES YOUR GAS BILL	T 160	
INTO 12 MONTHLY PAYMENTS AND IS REVIEWED QUARTERL	Y H 140	
AND ADJUSTED ACCORDINGLY. THE EPP PROGRAM IS FOR RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMERS ONLY.	E 120	<u>م</u>
Man 30 Jan 8:05 am 0376-	M 100 *-	i
TW 31 Jan 8: 15 am 03774 15	3) s 80	
Gas Usage History Information: Avg Avg Month	10 Mg/ 10 Mg	
Therms / Days = Therms Tempera This Month 100 33 3.03	ture \N' \\	
Last Month 40 33 1.21 60	WW 20 II	
Last Year 5 at 77 4 F36 8; 2.33 am	0386 Po	F H A H J J A S O N D Honths
Previous Payments & Balance (Balance Adjustments Forward	Current Curre Bill Balar	
59.99 - 60.00 = 0.01CR +		\$140.19
PLEASE SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR RULES AND REGULATIONS	RETURN BOTTOM I	PORTION WITH PAYMENT

Legal Dyt? 13-0327 (-877-360-6020) NOTICE TO SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION (SWG) ARIZONA CUSTOMERS

CUSTOMER QUESTIONS OR ASSISTANCE NEEDED? Visit www.swgas.com and create a MyAccount to view, manage, and customize your gas account online, or call our local toll-free number (llamada gratis) at 1-877-860-6020 for billing questions.

Basic Service Charge - This monthly charge recovers a portion of the cos) for delivering fatural gas.

Billing Factor - The billing factor is used to conclude the there while the previous reading, times the billing factor, equals he number of them is you have used to the further billing factor, equals he number of thems you have used to the further billing period.

Customer Buried Gas Piping - Customers may have underground gas piping that is not maintained by SWG. (Reference Federal Regulation 49 CFR Part 192.16) This piping, which is typically located between the gas meter and a building or ontdoor gas appliance, may consist of buried steel gas lines. Steel gas lines are subject to the effects of corrosion of they are positionally monitored to identify potential problems that might cause a hazardous condition. Federal regulations encourage customers to employ qualified plumbing and heating contractors for all inspections, monitoring, and repairing of customer buried gas piping. Unsafe conditions discovered must be repaired immediately. For assistance in locating licensed plumbers of contractors for reviewing reflection, replacement, or maintenance options, call Energy Services at 1-800-654-276s. Remember, call before your arg to be age piping in advance, and excavate by hand.

Deposits - If you are an existing customer, your deposit will be credited by your account, with any applicable interest, after continuous service and timely payment of bills in accordance with SWG commission approved tules. If your service has been discontinued, either at your request or by SWG, your deposit, plus any applicable interest, will be refunded to you, less the amount of any unpaid bills.

Disconnection of Service at Customer Request - Please call SWG at least five (5) working days in advance of the date-youwish to have service disconnected. If SWG is not notified, service will continue to be billed to the customer of record.

DOT Safety Surcharge - This charge recovers the cost of government mandated pipeline safety programs

Electronic Check Conversion - When a check is provided as payment, SWG is authorized to either use information from the check to make a one-time electronic funds transfer from the account or to process the payment as a check transaction.

Emergency Service - In case of an emergency or if you smell natural gas, call SWG: Phoenix/Central Arizona 1-800-528-4277, Tucson/Southern Arizona 1-800-722-4277, Bullhead City, Parker, and Ehrenberg 1-800-447-5422, or dial 911.

Low Income Residential Discount - Provides a 30 percent discount to income-qualified customers. This is applied to the first 150 therms of natural gas used each month from November 1 through April 30.

Notice to Employers - Request a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for natural gas by calling Energy Services at 1-800-654-2765 or visiting www.swgas.com/emergencysafety. Please ensure your employees know how to obtain MSDS information.

Past Due Date/Late Pay Charge - The monthly bill is due and payable upon presentation and becomes past due if not paid by the "Past Due After" date on the bill. A late pay charge may be added to any past due amount.

Rates and Other Information - The Rules and Rate Schedules of SWG are available at your nearest SWG Customer Business Office or by going online at www.swgas.com. The address and telephone number of the office that serves you are printed on the front of this bill (top).

Right of Access and Bill Estimation - SWG will have the right of access to your premises for any purpose normally connected with the furnishing of natural gas service(s). If SWG is unable to read a meter on the scheduled date because of circumstances beyond its control, SWG will calculate the bill based upon estimated usage for that billing period.

Service Establishment and Reestablishment Charge - For each establishment of service there is a charge which appears on the first bill following the establishment of service. This charge partially covers the costs incurred to set up the service and create the account in the SWG billing system. Whenever gas service is turned off because of nonpayment, the delinquent bill, plus a reestablishment charge, must be paid and credit reestablished before service will be restored.

Special Services - Every effort will be made to ensure uninterrupted service to residential customers who notify SWG about permanent residents in their household who are seriously ill, disabled, or elderly. Also, in an effort to avoid service being turned off; any residential customer may elect to designate a third party (agency or individual) to receive a copy of all Disconnect Notices.

Usage Charge - Usage charges recover the cost of delivering natural gas which is not recovered in the Basic Service Charge, and the cost of natural gas purchased by SWG on behalf of our customers.

Should you believe you have been billed incorrectly, please contact SWG at our toll-free number (llamada gratis) 1-877-860-6020. If you thereafter wish to dispute this bill, you should pay the undisputed portion of the bill and notify SWG that the amount unpaid is in dispute. Service will be continued pending investigation by SWG. Upon notification by SWG of its investigation results, you may pay the amount due within five (5) working days to prevent discontinuance of service. If the dispute is not resolved, you should submit a written statement of the facts of the dispute to the Arizona Corporation Commission at 1200 West Washington Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85007 (602) 542-4251 or toll-free 1-800-222-7000, or 400 West Congress Street, Suite 218, Tucson, Arizona 85701 (520) 628-6550 or toll-free 1-800-535-0148.

Arizona 85701 (520) 628-6550 or toll-free 1-800-535-0148.

Cala I Weather Adjustment - Formula?

(Droper - Not-Simple multiple of (72) Thermal

72T -> 15TAST (Handmuch typing)



Customer Assistance Asistencia al Cliente Toll Free/Llamada Gratis 1-877-860-6020

PO Box 98890 Las Vegas NV 89193-8890

BDDP VOU!OVNCFS

421-0680400-022

PREVIOUS BILLING:

Hearing Impaired: Dial 711 www.swgas.com

QBTU'EVF!BGUFS QMFBTF!QBZ'BNPVQU!EVF

02/27/12

CMFBTF SFUB.D'UIL.IT'UP O'OPSUPO'OPS'7PVS'SFDPSET

Feb 2012

\$124.33

RICHARD GAYER 526 W WILSHIRE DR PHOENIX AZ 85003-1029

DZDMF

20

DUPLICATE

Tf swidf !Beesf tt; 526 W WILSHIRE DR 85003
Sbd !Tdi f evrin; 010/G-5 RESIDENTIAL GAS SERVICE
Zpvs!MpdbrtPg!df !d !!! 2200 N CENTRAL, STE 101, PHOENIX AZ 85004

EBUF!NBJMFE

02/06/12

Previous Balance Previous Balance Payment(s) Since Last Bill - Thank You	140.19 141.00CR	
Balance Forward	\$9.81CR	D.41.
CURRENT BILLING: 29 Days Meter Reading: Current Previous Billing Feb. 01 Jan. 03 Factor 379 - 306 = 73 X .98		June
Usage Charges Basic Service Charge DOT Safety Surcharge Applicable Revenue Taxes	199.58 19.79 9.94 13.82	
Current Bill	NOV W() \$125,14	
Big Dlermi But all der	mount Not It	12 Jun (2
Due on or before: 02/27/12 Amo		
Your next meter read date is: Mar. 05, 2012	200	
THE SOUTHWEST GAS CALL CENTER RECEIVES ITS HEAVIEST CALL VOLUME ON MONDAYS, WITH MYACCOUNT.	T 190	
YOU CAN MANAGE YOUR ACCOUNT ONLINE AND SAVE TIME.	160	
THIS CONVENIENT SERVICE MAKES PAYING YOUR BILL A	149 E	
SMAP. AND, IF YOU EVER NEED TO TRANSFER OR STOP	128	
SERVICE, IT'S EASY TO DO ONLINE. GO TO SHGAS.COM	M 80	
TO CREATE YOUR MYACCOUNT TODAY.	5 60	
Gas Usage History Information: Avg Avg Daily Monthly	40	
Therms / Days = Therms Temperature	20	
This Month 72 29 2.48 57	JFMAMJJASONOJ	
Last Month 100 33 3.03 56 Last Year 83 29 2.86 56	11 Months 12	
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149.19 - 141.99 = 9.81CR + 125.	Cbrbodf EVF	
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4 Day	SOUTHWEST	umer S W — A Gas corporation	A:	Customer Assistance sistencia al Cliente Free/Llamada Gratis	_
M Orn The	PO Box 98890 Las Vegas NV	89193-8890		1-877-860-6020 Tring Impaired: Dial 711 WWW.SWGAS.COM	
19 6h		PLEASE RETAIN THIS TOP PORT! 		Presop	
lar f	RICHARD GAY 526 W WILSH PHOENIX AZ	FIRE DR	R UCO 364-48:	1110W, Wash # .	220
101	Service Address: 52 Rate Schedule: 010 four Local Office Is 2200 N	26 W WILSHIRE DR D/G-5 RESIDENTIA	cfrayl al GAS SERVICE	I Alt Mar)	90
		YCLE DATE MAILED	PAST DUE AF		NT DUE
		20 02/06/12	02/27/1		
-	PREVIOUS BILLING: Previous Balance Payment(s) Since Last Balance Forward		K (2)	140.19 141.00cm 142.90.81CR2.7	10dm
	CURRENT BILLING: 29 Heter Reading: Current Feb. 379 Usage Charges	Days Previous Jan 03 - 306 = 73 X	Billing Total Factor Therms .9846 = 72	100.58	17#
	Basic Service Charge DOT Safety Surcharge Applicable Revenue Tax	3 Felrana	8125	- 10:04 13:82 100 \$125.14	-
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V	= mod charge (ate Ady (4.64 Credi 14.04 1	1 12 Xa611670)	
<u></u>	ecoupting	ss billing at www.swgs	as.com xxx	03 \$ (0.55)	- "
	Due on or before Important Messages:	(Cee O	Amour Them		3
	Your next meter read dat	te is: Mar. 05, 2012	7 1100	•	1
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	THIS CONVENIENT SERVICE M SNAP. AND, IF YOU EVER NE		A E		
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	TO CREATE YOUR MYACCOUNT Gas Usage History Informa		Jays S		
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	Last Month 100 33 Last Year 83 29		56 56	JFMAMJJASOI 11 Months	N D'Y
	Previous Payments & Balance Adjustment	Balance	Current Bill	Current AMOUN	
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SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

1000000010

3に **3**に Customer Assistance Asistencia al Cliente Toll Free/Llamada Gratis 1-877-860-6020

Hearing Impaired: Disl 711
WWW.SWgas.COM

210306120248150101000000010

PO Box 98890 Las Vegas NV 89193-8890

PLEASE RETAIN THIS TOP PORTION FOR YOUR RECORDS

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RICHARD GAYER 526 W WILSHIRE DR PHOENIX AZ 85003-1029 IFeb three 5 Mar

Service Address: 526 W WILSHIRE DR

SHIRE DK

85003

Rate Schedule: 010/G-5

RESIDENTIAL GAS SERVICE

Your Local Office Is 2200 N CENTRAL, STE 101, PHOENIX AZ 85004

ACCOUNT NUMBER CYCLE DATE MAILED PAST DUE AFTER PLEASE PAY AMOUNT DUE 421-0680400-022 20 03/07/12 03/26/12 \$99.18 PREVIOUS BILLING: PREVIOUS BILLING: PREVIOUS BILLING: PREVIOUS BILLING: PREVIOUS BILLING: Balance Forward CURRENT BILLING: CUTTON Feb 379 5 50 X 9856 6 Therms 7 9856 7 Therms 7 1985 7 Therms 7 9856 7 Therms 7 1985 7 T	Tour Local Office is 2200 N CENTRAL, STE 101, P	TUENTA AZ 00004
PREVIOUS BILLING: Fravious Balance Last Bill - Thank You Balance Forward Balance Forward CURRENT BILLING: Unrent Billing: Current Payer Total Billing: Current Balance Forward CURRENT BILLING: Water Reading: Current Payer Payer Total Payer Payer Payer Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001530 & .29,233 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surcharge Total Therms & .001630 & .29,333 Bays Total Bot Safety Surch	ACCOUNT NUMBER CYCLE DATE MAILED	PAST DUE AFTER PLEASE PAY AMOUNT DUE
Balance Forward CURRENT BILLING: Current Hart 1375 Free Free Free Free Free Free Free Fre	421-0680400-022 20 03/07/12	03/26/12 \$99.18
CURRENT BILLING: Current Bar 10 5 Feb 379	PREVIOUS BILLING: Previous Balance Payment(s) Since Last Bill - Thank You	124.33 125.00cR
Delivery Charge Rate Adjustment Rate Adjustment Rate Adjustment Rotal Revenue Rotal Adjustment Rotal Rotal Revenue Rotal	Balance Forward	\$0.67CR
DOT Safety Surcharge Total Therms X :000530 X = 2/33 Bays Total DOT Safety Surcharge Monthly Gas Cost Adj Horning Hosting Total Therms X :607760 = 34.65 Honting Hosting Host	CURRENT BILLING: 33 Days Meter Reading: Current Previous B Mar. 05 Feb. 01 F 437 - 379 = 58 X	illing Total actor Therms .9856 = 57
Monthly Res Cost Total Therms & :703140 = 34.65 Resic Service Charge Applicable Revenue Taxes 11.03 Current Bill : 699.85 Current Bill : 699.85 Walk 306 Fig. 200 Fig. 2	Delivery Charge 57 Therms X .70 Rate Adjustment Total Therms X .06	3140 = 40.08 4490 = 3.68CR
Current Bill Welk 306 Dear Dock Dear		
Wells 306 Plots Westlin Protest Westling Protest Westl	Monthly Gas Cost Total Therms X .60 Monthly Weather Adj 10 Therms X .70 Basic Service Charge Applicable Revenue Taxes	7360 = 34.65 7.63 10.70 11.03
Due on or before: 03/26/12 Amount due: \$99.18 Important Messages: Your next meter read date is: Apr. 03, 2012 SAVE TIME. SAVE TREES. PAPERLESS BILLING IS FAST AND EASY, AND HELPS TO REDUCE PAPER CLUTTER. SIGN UP AT SWGAS.COM TODAY. Gas Usage History Information: Therms / Days = Therms / Days = Therms of 1.73 Last Month 72 29 2.48 58	Current Bill	\$99.85
Important Messages: Your next meter read date is: Apr. 03, 2012 SAVE TIME. SAVE TREES. PAPERLESS BILLING IS FAST AND EASY, AND HELPS TO REDUCE PAPER CLUTTER. SIGN UP AT SWGAS.COM TODAY. Gas Usage History Information: Therms / Days = Therms 1.73 Last Month 72 29 2.48 58		112 Protest Weather Adj
SAVE TIME. SAVE TREES. PAPERLESS BILLING IS FAST AND EASY, AND HELPS TO REDUCE PAPER CLUTTER. SIGN UP AT SWGAS.COM TODAY. Gas Usage History Information: Therms / Days = Therms Temperature 57 33 Therms Temperature 61 20 Last Month 72 29 2.48 58	Important Messages:	Amount due: \$99.18
PAPERLESS BILLING IS FAST AND EASY, AND HELPS TO REDUCE PAPER CLUTTER. SIGN UP AT SWGAS.COM TODAY. E 120 R 100 M 80 S Gas Usaga History Information: Therms / Days = Therms Temperature 57 1.73 Last Month 72 29 2.48 58	CAUS TIME CAUS TOSTS	200
AND HELPS TO REDUCE PAPER CLUTTER. SIGN UP AT SWGAS.COM TODAY. E 120 R 100 M 80 S 60 Avg Therms / Days = Therms Temperature 1.73 Last Month 72 29 2.48 58		180
SIGN UP AT SWGAS.COM TODAY. E 120 R 100 M 80 S 60 Avg Avg Therms / Days = Therms Temperature This Month 57 33 1.73 61 Last Month 72 29 2.48 58		160
Gas Usage History Information: Avg Ayg This Month To 33 Therms Temperature 61 Last Month 72 29 2.48 58	1	140
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-	124.33	-	125.00	=	0.67CR	+	99.85	=	99.18	\$99.18
	Previous Balance		'ayments & djustments		alance orward	(Surrent Bill		Current Balance	AMOUNT DUE

Customer Assistance Asistencia al Cliente Toll Free/Llamada Gratis 1-877-860-6020

PO Box 98890 Las Vegas NV 89193-8890 Hearing Impaired: Dial 711 www.swgas.com

PLEASE RETAIN THIS TOP PORTION FOR YOUR RECORDS

RICHARD GAYER 526 W WILSHIRE DR PHOENIX AZ 85003-1029 COVENS MARCH DUPLICATE

Service Address: 526 W WILSHIRE DR

85003

Rate Schedule: 010/G-5 RESIDENTIAL GAS SERVICE Your Local Office Is 2200 N CENTRAL, STE 101, PHOENIX AZ 85004

ACCOUNT NUMBER	CYCLE	DATE MAILED	PAST DUE	AFTER	PLEASE PA	Y AMOUNT DU
421-0680400-022	20	04/04/14	04/2	3/14		\$41.22
PREVIOUS BILLING: Previous Balance Payment(s) Since I	ast Bil	l – Thank You			99.05 100.00CR	
Balance Forward					ş	3.95CR /
	rent	Previous Mar. 05		Total Therms 15		
Rate Adjustment Rate Adjustment Total Rate Adjustm	Te	otal Therms X	.018570 X 26/		9.28	
DOT Safety Surchar Monthly Gas Cost Eep Rate Monthly Heather Ac Basic Service Char Applicable Revenue	To To	otal Therms X otal Therms X otal Therms X 13 Therms X	.001170 = .480180 = .003870 = .703140 =		0.02 7.20 0.06CR 9.14 10.70 4.34	
Current Bill			ys*		***	

Sign up for paperless billing at MHM. SHgas.com/ ### 6,33 9th

Due on or before: 04/23/14

Amount due:

\$41.22

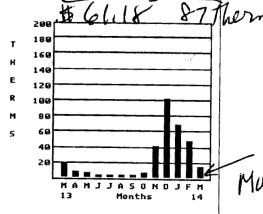
Your next meter read date is: May 82, 2014

IT'S EASY TO PAY YOUR BILL ON TIME! WITH OUR
AUTOMATIC AND EQUAL PAYMENT PLANS, RESIDENTIAL

CUSTOMERS CAN EASILY PAY THEIR BILL ON TIME EVERY
MONTH AND MANAGE THEIR BUDGET. PAPERLESS BILLING
HELPS SAVE POSTAGE AND DECREASES PAPER CLUTTER.

JUST CLICK ON SWGAS.COM TO GET STARTED TODAY.

as I	Usage H	istory In	formati	on:	Avg Daily
		Therms	/ Days	=	Therms
his	Month	15	28		0.54
ast	Month	48	33		1.45
ast	Year	20	28		0.71



Previous	Payments &	Balance	Current	Current	AMOUNT
Balance	Adjustments	Forward	Bill	Balance	DUE
99.05	- 199.99	= 0.95CR	+ 42.17	= 41.22	\$41.22

PLEASE SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR RULES AND REGULATIONS • RETURN BOTTOM PORTION WITH PAYMENT

dour monthly donation to Energy Share provides emergency aid to neighbors in need. Select an amount listed below and the Salvation Army will do the rest.

A STANK

32-924 (A)(5) 04-7-90

R4-7 Cond



Customer Assistance Asistencia al Cliente Toll Free/Llamada Gratis 1-877-860-6020

PO Box 98890 Las Vegas NV 89193-8890 Hearing Impaired: Dial 711 www.swgas.com

PLEASE RETAIN THIS TOP PORTION FOR YOUR RECORDS

RICHARD GAYER 526 W WILSHIRE DR PHOENIX AZ 85003-1029 Covers Apr

DUPLICATE

Service Address: 526 W WILSHIRE DR 85003
Rate Schedule: 010/G-5 RESIDENTIAL GAS SERVICE
Your Local Office Is 2200 N CENTRAL, STE 101, PHOENIX AZ 85004

ACCOUNT	NUMBER	CYCLE	DATE MAILED	PAST DUE AFTER	PLEASE PAY AMOUNT DUE	3
421-068	0400-022	20	05/06/14	05/27/14	\$24.93	
Previo	BILLING: ous Balance ot(s) Since	Last Bill	- Thank You		41.22 42.00CR	
Bala	nce Forward		~		\$0.78CR /	
CURRENT Meter	BILLING: Reading: Cu Ma		revious pr. 02	Billing Total Factor Therms 1.0031 = 9		
Deliva	ry Charge			793149 =	6.33	
Rate	: Adjustment : Adjustment Rate Adjust	Ťa	tal Therms X .(929788 X 28/30 Days 926398 X 2/38 Days =	Ø.19	
Month! Eep Ra Month! Basic	fety Surcha y Gas Cost te y Weather A Service Cha able Revenu	To To dj rge	tal Therms X tal Therms X	391179 = 194620 = 203879 = 703140 =	9.01 4.45 9.03CR 1.41 10.70 2.65	
Curren	t Bill				\$25.71 WA	
A	ctual H	DD=	5 (Più Ma	y\ MWA	EFive Mos C	1.18
			/)	This "	1.41
*** Sig	n up for paj	per1ess b	illing át√ыыы″.sыg	asicom XXX	\$62	59
Due (on or be	fore:	05/27/14	Amount due	: \$24.93 P	Mon
Your next	meter read (date is:	June 83, 2014			
SIGN UP TO R	ECEIVE A TE	XT MESSAG	E DURING A NATUR	300		
	TION IN YOU			T 180		
			R BY CALLING	H 149		
CUSTOMER ASS	ISTANCE AT	877-860-6	829 ,	E 120		}
				R 100		
			140	л н ве		
as Usage Hi			Aug Caily	5 69		
This Month	Therms / Da	nys = 30	Therms 0.30	24 Aml==		
		28	9.54	AN AM	JJASONDJEMA Months 14	
ast Month						
ast Year	9	30	0.30	2/3°W "	Months 14	
		30 nts &		Current Current Balan	ent AMOUNT	

PLEASE SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR RULES AND REGULATIONS • RETURN BOTTOM PORTION WITH PAYMENT



aps.com

Your electricity bill June 17, 2014

Richard Gayer

Your account number 105474287

Your service plan: Standard Rate

Meter number: W65090 Meter reading cycle: 11

Charges for electricity services

Cost of electricity you used

00010101010119 900 0000	
Customer account charge	\$2.02
Delivery service charge	\$24.17
Environmental benefits surcharge	\$5.76
Federal, environmental improvement surcharge	\$0.02
System benefits charge	\$2.66
Power supply adjustment*	\$1.39
Metering*	\$2.88
Meter reading*	\$1.98
Billing*	\$2.24
Generation of electricity*	\$77.90
Federal transmission and ancillary services*	\$4.65
Federal transmission cost adjustment*	\$6.27
LFCR adjustor	\$1.25
Cost of electricity you used	\$133.19

Taxes and fees

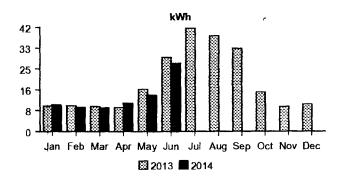
Regulatory assessment	\$0.31
State sales tax	\$7.63
County sales tax	\$0.95
City sales tax	\$3.68
Franchise fee	\$2.67
Cost of electricity with taxes and fees	\$148.43

Total charges for electricity services \$148.43

Amount of electricity you used

Meter reading on Jun 17	26131
Meter reading on May 16	25236
Total electricity you used, in kWh	895

Average daily electricity use per month



Comparing your monthly use

	This month	Last month	This month last year
Billing days	32,	29	32
Average outdoor temperature	<u>(89°</u>	78°	90
Your total use in kWh	895	437	969
Your average daily cost	\$4.63	\$2.35	\$5.04



^{*} These services are currently provided by APS but may be provided by a competitive supplier.

From:

"Brooks Congdon" < Brooks.Congdon@swgas.com>

To:

<rgayer@cox.net>

Sent:

Friday, January 04, 2013 8:52 AM

Subject:

Fwd: Re: Here we Go Again (Weather Adjustment - November Bill in Error)

>>> Brooks Congdon 1/2/2013 10:11 AM >>> Richard,

I was enjoying a few days of vacation and just saw your e-mail today. I'd like to review the calculation of your bill, and will call you after we confirm the calculation of your bill. I expect that will be later today or Thursday.

Meanwhile, do remember there are two separate components to the Energy Efficiency Enabling Provision of our tariff. The monthly weather adjustment component described on Sheets 92-93, and the Annual Component described on Sheets 94-95. The monthly margin-per-customer amounts reflected on sheets 94 and 95 are the dollar amounts per customer the Company retains after all is said and done.

The monthly weather adjustment actually includes 2 separate mitigators in addition to the calculations set forth on Sheets 92-93 to help ensure that customers do not receive therm adjustments in excess of their weather-related change in use. The 1st mitigator is a regression analysis performed for each individual customer. The 2nd mitigation is that no customer's therm adjustment will exceed the actual meter use for the month. The monthly therm adjustment is the lessor of the amount calculated per Sheets 92-93, the regression or the actual metered use. I will discuss the mitigators in more detail with you, if you like, when I call.

As far as your December bill, it appears the Monthly Weather Adi was limited by the regression analysis of your monthly use. The net result including the Annual Component is as follows.....

Your December Bill

Delivery Charge \$21.80 Monthly Weather Adj 9.14 Basic Charge 10.70

Total

\$41.64

Authorized (pg 94)

\$39.58

Annual Component

-\$2.06

If you had been charged a weather adjustment of 56 therms rather than 13 therms, your December bill would have been \$71.88 (\$21.80 + 39.38 [56 x \$.70314] + 10.70) which would have been \$32.30 greater than the authorized amount of \$39.58. Also, it is interesting with the regression limiting your weather adjustor to 13 therms, that your December bill was very close the authorized amount of \$39.58.

Let me know if you have any other questions. Otherwise, I will talk to you soon. Brooks.

Brooks Congdon Manager/Pricing & Tariffs SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION Office (702) 364-3313 Fax (702)222-1475 EMAIL: brooks.congdon@swgas.com

A Please be Green, consider the environment before printing this e-mail.

13-0327

From:

"Richard Gayer" < rgayer@cox.net>

To:

"Brooks Congdon" < Brooks.Congdon@swgas.com>

Cc:

<rgayer@aol.com>

Sent: Subject: Thursday, January 10, 2013 11:30 AM Regression and Weather Adjustment

Mr. Congdon:
Two questions:

1. What "coefficients" have been applied so far to my bills that were subject to a weather adjustment in the winter season of 2012-2013? (If I understand "your" process correctly, this probably covers bills issued in November and December 2012 and in January 2013.)

2. To what were these coefficients applied? That is, to the "variance" itself, or something else?

(So far, I have *estimated* the coefficient for the bill dated "12/05/12" at about 0.3 therms per HHD. What coefficient did "you" use?))

Thank you.

Richard Gayer, Phoenix

13-0327

From:

To:

"Richard Gayer" <rgayer@cox.net>
"Brooks Congdon" <Brooks.Congdon@swgas.com>

Cc:

Sent: Subject: <rgayer@aol.com>
Friday, January 11, 2013 10:26 AM
Weather Regression and Base Usage?

Mr. Congdon:

Sorry, but I forgot one last question for now:

In comparing HDDs with Therms in the regression analysis, do we subtract the "base" usage from the therms billed for each month?

Thanks again for your help.

Richard Gayer, Phoenix

13-0327

From:

"Richard Gayer" < rgayer@cox.net>

To:

"Brooks Congdon" < Brooks.Congdon@swgas.com>

Cc:

<rgayer@aol.com>

Sent:

Wednesday, January 16, 2013 8:09 AM

Subject:

Regression Progress -- Need Actual HDDs Used by SWGas

Mr. A. Brooks Congdon:

I have been progressing with the regressing very well, but cannot obtain "your" coefficients. I got 0.21 where "you" got 0.25 for my bill dated January 2013. That is most likely because I cannot obtain the actual temperatures (and HDDs) that are used by SWGas. I use data from NOAA, but "you" get "your" data from some proprietary service. Therefore, I need that data, and am willing to pay a reasonable price for it (if necessary).

In the past, you said something about furnishing that data to me. If possible, please do so later this week. I also recall that you mentioned furnishing a sample calculation of the "coefficient" that SWGas uses. I would also appreciate receiving a copy of such a sample.

Note: I first performed the analyses for the correlation coefficient (not directly useful) and the regression (straight) line using an ordinary arithmetic calculator. It took about an hour. I then found my old Sharp scientific calculator and discovered that it has a "STAT" mode that I never used before. I simply entered each of the eight points (x=HDDs, y=therms) and then pressed buttons on the calculator marked "r", "a" and "b". I got r=0.98, a=0.21 and b=26, identical to the results I obtained by "hand". That process took about one minute. If only I had the "actual" HDDs used by SWGas!

Thank you again for all of your assistance.

From: "Richard Gayer" < rgayer@cox.net>

To: "Brooks Congdon" < Brooks.Congdon@swgas.com>

Cc: <rgayer@aol.com>

Sent: Monday, January 21, 2013 9:42 AM

Subject: Regression -- Monthly Consumption Data Not All Mine!

Mr. A. Brooks Congdon:

Thank you for the data you sent me last Friday. I hope your legs are still working after the skiing trip! Regarding my weekend, in addition to activities not suitable for transmission over the internet, I made great progress in understanding the use of "regression" as applied to bills from SWGas.

Unfortunately, your "Monthly Consumption" data does NOT match the therm data on my bills from SWGas. The numbers seem to be mixed up. Here is the comparison for the December 2012 bill:

March 2012	Your Data = 32	My Bill = 57	Your $HDDs = 55$	My HDDs = 149
(from NOAA)				
February 2012	57	72		
161 19	94			
January 2012	72	100	199	362
December 2011	100	40	356	78
March 2011	Your Data = 21	My Bill = 72	Your HDDs = 23	My HDDs = 256
(from NOAA)				
February 2011	72	83	242	258
January 2011	83	77	247	217
December 2010	77	43	238	146

Your equation y(therms) = 18.6 + 0.24*x(HDDs)My equation y(therms) = 22.1 + 0.22*x(HDDs)

It seems to me that the approach of SWGas in this area is far from optimum. The question to be answered by the regression analysis is as follows: "If the weather had been normal as to HDDs, how many *total* therms would Gayer have used?" Therefore, I would simply enter the graph (straight line) or equation (see above) with the "normal" HDD value for the "cycle" (month) and the observe or calculate the resulting therms. The difference between that value and the metered value (here, 31 therms for December 2012) would be the "Weather Adjustment".

My regression result (from the equation above) is 40 therms; from your equation it is 38 therms. Therefore, "my" Weather Adjustment is 9 therms and "yours" is 7. (The Adjustment on my bill is 13 therms.)

(The "graph (straight line)" mentioned above is produced by a statistical supplement to a calculator "app" called "Calc Pro HD". I bought the supplement for \$0.99 for my iPad. The "app" itself may have been free.)

Do you ever travel to Phoenix for SWGas business? If so, we could meet in the SWGas office at 2200 North Central Avenue, which is within walking distance of my house.

Thank you for your continuing assistance.

13-0327

From:

"Richard Gayer" < rgayer@cox.net>

To:

"Brooks Congdon" < Brooks.Congdon@swgas.com>

Cc:

<rgayer@aol.com>

Sent:

Tuesday, February 05, 2013 9:08 AM

Subject:

It's That Time of the Month Again (ACTUAL Heating Degree Days for January?)

Mr. Congdon:

I just retrieved my "February" bill dated "02/05/13" from SWGas' website and now need the *Actual* HDDs used by SWGas to calculate my Monthly Weather Adjustment. I hope you can send these data to me in the next few days (later this week). My "February" includes only 28 days, *all* of them in January.

Thank you for your continuing assistance.

richard gayer

From:

"Brooks Congdon" < Brooks. Congdon@swgas.com>

To: Sent: "Richard Gayer" <rgayer@cox.net>
Tuesday, February 05, 2013 12:27 PM

Sent: Subject:

Re: It's That Time of the Month Again (ACTUAL Heating Degree Days for January?)

I'll get you that data shortly. Also, in your last e-mail about the HDDs for the regression, I think the problem with months matching was that I put the wrong monthly title in my spread sheet. In other words what I labeled as December would have matched your January bill. You probably already figured that out, but if not try adjusting the monthly data and it should match what you expected. Talk to you soon. Brooks.

>>> "Richard Gayer" <rgayer@cox.net> 2/5/2013 8:08 AM >>> Mr. Congdon:

I just retrieved my "February" bill dated "02/05/13" from SWGas' website and now need the *Actual* HDDs used by SWGas to calculate my Monthly Weather Adjustment. I hope you can send these data to me in the next few days (later this week). My "February" includes only 28 days, *all* of them in January.

Thank you for your continuing assistance.

Richard Gayer

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Thank you for your cooperation.

richard gayer

From:

"Richard Gayer" < rgayer@cox.net>

To:

"Brooks Congdon" < Brooks Congdon@swgas.com>

Cc:

<rgayer@aol.com>

Sent:

Monday, February 11, 2013 8:13 AM

Subject: Actual HDDs or Average Temperatures for December 2012 and January 2013 (also regression)

Mr. A. Brooks Congdon:

I have not yet received from you the ACTUAL HDDs (or Actual average temperatures) for each *day* of December 2012 and January 2013 that SWGas used to calculate my Monthly Weather Adjustment for those two months. (For December you sent me only the overall total results for that month.) I hope that you will send me the requested *daily* temperature or HDD data (your choice) to me before this coming Thursday.

Thanks to you and SWGas for the negative Monthly Weather Adjustment on my bill dated 02/05/13. Using data available to me (SWGas' ten-tear average temperatures and NOAA's actual temperatures), I calculated a "variance" of minus 102 degree days and a credit of 29 therms based on the formula in the tariff. Applying regression, I obtained a coefficient of 0.22 for a credit of 22 therms. Alas, SWGas gave me a credit for only 19 therms. It's only petty cash, but why not follow the tariff and do it right? (By the way, does "regression" or anything like it appear anywhere in the tariff?)

I hope to hear from you soon.

richard gayer

From:

"Richard Gayer" <rgayer@cox.net>

To:

"Brooks Congdon" < Brooks.Congdon@swgas.com>

Cc:

<rgayer@aol.com>

Sent:

Tuesday, February 12, 2013 9:35 AM

Subject:

Data for December 2012?

Mr. Congdon:

Thank you for the data applicable to my bill dated in February 2013. I need the same type of data -- ACTUAL HDDs for each day of the billing period -- for my previous bill dated 01/07/13 (which covers November 30th to January 3rd) for 98 therms (coincidentally) the same amount of therms as the "February" bill. I hope that you can send me these data by this Friday 15 February.

However, I am confused by the monthly listing in the left-hand column under MWA Regression Analysis. It seems that "January" corresponds to my bill dated in February, that "December" corresponds to my bill dated in January, etc., etc. In addition, I thought that the regression analysis uses the eight selected months that PRECEDE the current bill. The analysis you just sent me goes back only SEVEN months. Can you clear up my confusion?

By the way, what is the meaning of "CSS Screen 21-69" that appears at the top of the chart for "HEATING DEGREE DAY" that you just sent me.

Thank you again for all of your assistance.

Richard Gayer

(With all of the current electrical power failures in the Northeast and elsewhere, I think we should consider powering almost everything from natural gas by installing small gas turbines in all housing and using them to generate both electricity and heat. Even without such a major change, we (largely your employer) can still promote and encourage the use of gas stoves, gas water heaters, and gas clothes dryers. For romantic purposes, we might even consider some gas lights?)

richard gayer

From:

"Brooks Congdon" < Brooks.Congdon@swgas.com>

To:

"Richard Gayer" <rgayer@cox.net>

Sent:

Wednesday, February 13, 2013 10:46 AM

Attach:

img-213092406-0001_1.pdf
Re: Data for December 2012?

Subject: Richard,

You are correct that in the left-hand column under Regression Analysis, the line labeled January corresponds to your February bill, and so on for the other months. I was fooled by that initially myself, which is why I told you the regression used 8 months preceding your current bill. It actually uses the month of your current bill and the 7 months preceding the current bill.

I attached a file with HDDs for the days in your January billing cycle. The reference to CSS screen 21-69 (I believe) is simply mapping to where the data is stored in the Company's mainframe computer system. I do not actually go into the mainframe but use a software we call Discover to extract the HDD data.

I'll be out of the office for the next several days, but will try to answer any further questions you have when I get return. Brooks.

>>> "Richard Gayer" <rgayer@cox.net> 2/12/2013 8:35 AM >>> Mr. Congdon:

Thank you for the data applicable to my bill dated in February 2013. I need the same type of data -- ACTUAL HDDs for each day of the billing period -- for my previous bill dated 01/07/13 (which covers November 30th to January 3rd) for 98 therms (coincidentally) the same amount of therms as the "February" bill. I hope that you can send me these data by this Friday 15 February.

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13-0327

From:

"Richard Gayer" <rgayer@cox.net>

To:

"Brooks Congdon" < Brooks.Congdon@swgas.com>

Cc:

<rgayer@aol.com>

Sent:

Sunday, March 03, 2013 3:29 PM

Subject: Actual Daily Temperatures (or HDDs) for Phoenix (Maricopa County Weather Stations)

Mr. A. Brooks Congdon:

I have learned how to read and analyze temperature data from the 134 or so weather stations in Maricopa County used by the Maricopa County Flood Control District (MCFCD, see www.fcd.maricopa.gov/Rainfall/Weather/weather.aspx). So far, I have NOT found any that match your SWGas data for December 2012 close enough to be useful. (Note that to perform data comparisons, a person has to calculate mean or average temperatures from the HDDs used by SWGas.)

The three stations closest to Central Phoenix are known as "Gateway Community College", "Durango Complex" (data seems closest to those used by SWGas) and "Osborn @ 64th St.". Unfortunately, there are substantial differences between the data used by SWGas and the data from the MCFCD. (Note than when there are ZERO (0) HDDs in the SWGas data, it is not possible to compare these two sources of data.)

Therefore, it seems that I will remain dependent upon actual data for HDDs (or temperatures) from you at SWGas for the foreseeable future, or at least until the next rate case (which I believe will be in 2016).

Thanks again for all of your help.

Richard Gayer in Phoenix 602-229-8954 ("Burn Those Therms!!)

13-0327

From:

"Richard Gayer" < rgayer@cox.net>

To:

"Brooks Congdon" < Brooks.Congdon@swgas.com>

Cc:

<rgayer@aol.com>

Sent:

Sunday, March 17, 2013 8:18 AM

Subject:

HDDs for February 2013?

Mr. Congdon:

I have not yet received from your office the Actual HDDs that SWGas used for February 2013. My previous message to you of March 3, 2013 is reproduced below for your convenience between the asterisks.

Thank you for your assistance.

Richard Gayer 602-229-8954

Mr. A. Brooks Congdon:

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Thanks again for all of your help.

Richard Gayer in Phoenix 602-229-8954 ("Burn Those Therms!!)

13-0327

From:

"Brooks Congdon" < Brooks.Congdon@swgas.com>

To: Sent: "Richard Gayer" <rgayer@cox.net> Monday, March 18, 2013 12:08 PM

Subject:

Re: HDDs for February 2013?

Richard,

I'll get the HDDs for your last bill in the next day or 2. Promise. Been busy on other projects and today the person who can obtain some the information you need is not in. Sorry for the delay. Brooks.

>>> "Richard Gayer" <rgayer@cox.net> 3/17/2013 8:18 AM >>> Mr. Congdon:

I have not yet received from your office the Actual HDDs that SWGas used for February 2013. My previous message to you of March 3, 2013 is reproduced below for your convenience between the asterisks.

Thank you for your assistance.

Richard Gayer 602-229-8954

Mr. A. Brooks Congdon:

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Thanks again for all of your help.

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13-0327 richard gayer

From: To:

"richard gayer" <rgayer@cox.net>

Cc:

<brooks.congdon@swgas.com>

<rgayer@aol.com>

Sent:

Monday, May 27, 2013 9:05 AM

Mr. Congdon:

Actual HDDs for Calendar March and April Subject:

I have not yet received the Actual HDDs used by SWGas for the calendar months of March and April (my bill dates in early April and May) 2013.

For calendar April (my bill date 05/07/2013, the federal government (NOAA) reported that there were zero HDDs in April 2013, but SWGas charged me a weather adjustment fee for two therms despite your statement to the contrary.

Please send me the requested data at your earliest convenience.